The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY AUGUST 8, 1907. NO. 31.

ADDING NEW ACCOUNTS
AT THE
Farmers National Bank.
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $150,000.

We are constantly adding new accounts and our business is increasing at a very satisfactory rate. If you have not already opened an account with us, we invite you to do so now.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

In Point of Business Success and Financial Strength this Bank Occupies Front Rank.

C M. CREVELING, Pres. M. MILLEISEN, Cashier.

On The Basis of

Careful and Conservative Management

The Bloomsburg National Bank

Invites Your Business.

3 Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits

Wm. H. Hidlay, Cashier. A. Z. Schoch, President.

Hand Baggage and Trunks

Whether it's a Suit Case or a bag you desire we can fill the want at a reasonable price.

Our stock is large and we are showing everything in Hand Luggage that has merit. Bags of all sorts and all sizes. Suit Cases in different sizes and grades.

OUR BAGS

Alligator, Seal, Pig Skin, Sole and Grain Leather, etc. Best of Locks and Trimmings,

$1, $2, $5 to $20

OUR SUIT CASES

Best of Leather Stout Steel Frames Splendid Locks, well lined Brass Mountings, etc.

$1, $2, $5 to $20

You can check our hand baggage with safety and you can carry it with pride.

Our Trunks are the best that can be bought anywhere. **Price $3.50 to $50.00.**

BEN GIDDING

Clothier, Hatter and Haberdasher.

Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg.

Come in and see us, we'll treat you right.

THE SMART GUYS.

The *Republican* of this week says: "The *Columbian* is to be commended for calling attention to the reprehensible practice of the smart Guys who lounge in front of some of our hotels and make remarks about ladies who pass by. If the proprietors have no more regard for the reputation of their hotels than to allow this to go on, let the police get a move on. If these officials are asleep we would suggest that some "big brother" chance to pass along at the right time and when his sister is insulted, smash a "mug" or two. This would teach these cheap guys who want to be smart a wholesome lesson and one they would remember when they go to some other town."

We most heartily endorse the suggestions of our cotemporary. Since our article was published last week we have learned that the loafers who sit along the streets and use offensive language, are not all strangers to the town. Many of them live here, and if they have no regard for the reputation of the town nor for the feelings of our women than to insult them as they pass along, it is high time that a good wholesome lesson be administered. If, as the *Republican* suggests, some big brother should swat one of these chappies in the face and blacken his eye or smash his nose, and perchance should be arrested for assault and battery, there are several laws under which he could retaliate by having the offender arrested. "Mashers" and insulters of women ought not to be tolerated in this town, and any kind of an efficient police force could easily break it up.

A SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

Many of the counties have long ago erected monuments in memory of the soldiers and sailors who lost their lives in defense of their country in the war of the rebelion Several grand juries in Columbia county have recommended the erection of one here, but for some reason the monument does not appear to gain much headway. Every one will concede that the services of these men ought to be recognized, and no one ought to object to the cost, as the amount necessary would be so small to each tax payer that no one would feel it. Let the agitation go on until there arises in Market Square a monument that will be a credit to this county and a worthy tribute to the memory of the heroes of the war.

COUNCIL DOINGS.

At the regular monthly meeting of the town council on Monday even'ng it was decided to have the fire alarm system examined by a competent person to ascertain the cost of putting it in good working condition. It has been off color for some time.

A representative of the Gamewell system was present and described his system, which would cost the town $3500.

The first floor of the Town Hall was granted to Winona Fire Co., for a festival on August 16th and 17th.

The matter of repairing the fountain was discussed, but no action taken. The basin is in bad shape.

The action of Mr. Runyon in in purchasing a dump cart for the town was approved. He was authorized to do so some time ago by council.

The tax collector was ordered to proceed to collect back taxes at once.

After other routine business and passing bills, council adjourned.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The regular session of argument court was held on Monday.

The application of the County Commissioners for leave to sell the toll house at the entrance to the old Berwick bridge was heard and the court reserved its decision.

David Watkins was appointed constable of Conyngham township, vice Owen Cain resigned.

The Wyoming Valley Trust Company was appointed guardian of John Murry Brown, a minor of North Berwick.

Adam Clayberger was on his application discharged as guardian of Elva Clayberger.

A charter was granted to the Business Men's Protective Association of Berwick.

The Berwick-Nescopeck Ferry Company presented a petition for leave to dissolve the corporation which was granted.

Hazel Mills was adopted by Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Moore.

Upon application of Geo. B. Hummer, guardian of Merrill D. Fritz a citation was awarded on the executors of the estate to file an account.

Estate of Sarah C. Laubach. Specific performance of contract. Petition returnable first Monday of September.

HOSPITAL FESTIVAL.

The interest of the people in the Joseph Ratti Hospital was manifested last Saturday evening by the great crowd that attended the festival on the grounds of St. Columba's church.

The proceeds were about $400, and would have been more but for the rain that fell about ten o'clock and dispersed the crowd.

Excellent music was furnished during the evening by the two bands.

A very creditable parade took place in the earlier part of the evening, which was participated in by all the fire companies, and the Drill squad of the K. G. E. This body went through many manoeuvers very gracefully and with marked precision. Captain A. H. Genaria is an excellent drill-master, and is entitled to much credit for the skill with which he handles his men. They were applauded all along the line.

The success of the festival was largely due to the untiring efforts of Father Murphey who had all the details in charge.

DR. GANOE RESIGNS.

Owing to continued ill health, Rev. Dr. M. L. Ganoe has resigned as pastor of the M. E. church of this town. This is a matter of deep regret, not only to his congregation, but to the entire community. He has endeared himself to many during his residence here, and it is still hoped that he may recover and be spared for many years of usefulness. He is one of the most prominent men in this conference.

Two trolley cars on the C. & M. collided near Briarcreek on Monday morning. The failure of the crew on the down car to notify the crew of the up car that the work car was following them was the cause of it. The front ends of both cars were broken. Ray Hoffman, motorman, wrenched his ankle by jumping.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Z. Schoch, and Mrs. C. W. McKelvy and daughter Margaret, are the guests of Dr. and Mrs. D. J. Waller at their summer home in Canada,

DEEDS RECORDED.

The following deeds have recently been recorded:

Myrtle McCarty and husband to Elmer H. Shaffer for a lot of ground in West Berwick; consideration $80.

Berwick Land and Improvement Co. to Marx Levy for lot No. 1806 in the township of Briarcreek; consideration $300.

David A. Michael and wife to Marx Levy for lot No. 174 in Michael's addition to West Berwick; consideration $375.

B. R. Starr and wife to M. D. Hower for lot No. 139 in Dickson's third plot of lots in Briarcreek township; consideration $1075.

A. Heacock and wife to G. A. Eckrate for a lot of ground in Shuman's addition to Catawissa; consideration $1350.

Ernest Miller and Clara Miller to Hazel M. Zeigler for lot of ground in addition to Bloomsburg known as Glen Heights; consideration $24.

Bertha Hagenbuch to Robert W. Vanhorn for lot of ground at corner of Penn and Fair streets, Bloomsburg; consideration $500.

Ella G. Stewart to Jonathan Evans, for 45 acres of land in Pine township; consideration $362.

Berwick Land Improvement Co. to George C. Smith for lot No. 193 in the borough of West Berwick; consideration $100.

Lydia A. Smith, Administratrix of the estate of George C. Smith, to John K. Adams for lot No. 195 in borough of West Berwick; consideration $70.

Harry H. Cole and wife to Thomas W. Cole for the undivided one half of 114 acres and 64 perches of land in Benton township; consideration maintenance and one dollar.

Emma B. Moore et al to Columbia County Agricultural Society for 5 acres of land in the town of Bloomsburg; consideration $4000.

FAVOR SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

The last Grand Jury recommended the erection of a soldiers' monument in Bloomsburg. At a meeting of the order of United American Mechanics held Tuesday night the following resolution was adopted:

Be it resolved, that we, members of Bloomsburg Council No. 146 O. U. A. M. do most heartily commend the action of our last Grand Jury, recommending the erection of a memorial or soldiers' monument to the Brave Boys in Blue of Columbia County who offered their lives for the preservation of the Union, and believe it should have the hearty support of all patriotic citizens. We pledge ourselves to use our best endeavors to create a sentiment in the community and do our best to accomplish the purpose.

Clark Miller, Councilor.
Clark Kashner, Rec. Secy.

THE CIRCUS.

Large crowds attended the circus last Thursday. The performance was about the usual thing with some meritorious features. The advertised price was 25 cents, but all the seats from which the acts could be seen to advantage were 25 cents extra. For the poor seats an extra charge of 10 cents was made in order to drive everybody into the reserved seats. As soon as the latter were well filled the ten cent charge was dropped. An employe of the show who was trying to flim flam a young man out of some money in making change, was watched by a Bloomsburg man, and not succeeding, he became so angry that he threatened to stab the watcher. He ought to have been arrested. Every circus has its crooks.

THE WENNER REUNION.

Last Saturday fully 200 descendants, friends and neighbors responded to the announcement of holding the third annual reunion of the Wenners and their friends.

The day was most auspicious, and early the beautiful grove began to fill with vehicles laden with people and baskets filled with the good things that satisfy a craving appetite. After a sumptuous repast in the shady nooks of the grove, H. A. Kemp, the Benton "Photo Artist" appeared on the spot, and at 1 o'clock the church bell summoned the assembled multitude along side the church and the artist arranged them all in a convenient group, and took a snap shot at their beautiful faces. Thus a complete picture of the entire Wenner reunionists was secured in permanent form. Each family represented should secure a picture, as a souvenir of this pleasant and happy event.

Immediately after the operation of the artist, the friends were called into the auditorium where and when a most interesting program was admirably rendered. The exercises consisted of music, speaking, solos and recitations. Officers for the ensuing year elected, while the previous committees were unchanged.

The presence of Rev. A. Houtz added dignity to the assemblage, and his remarks were appropriate and highly appreciated.

This was the most successful Wenner reunion yet held. Everybody was highly delighted, and nothing to mar or disturb the good feeling of the occasion, until the report reached the dismissed audience that lightning had struck and killed three cows of Frank Wenner the day previous. Frank lives adjoining the church lot and the cows did not come in, nor could be found in the evening of Friday, and after the exercises of Saturday some boys found the cows, dead, in a clump of bushes near an old stump of a tree that was struck by lightning. Of course there was an insurance on the cows, but the cows far exceeded the insurance in value.

J. C. Wenner.

WILKES-BARRE FAIR.

Among the features and live exhibits to be seen at the big Wilkes-Barre Fair, that will open on August 26th and continue for a week, none will be productive ot so much human interest as Major Delmar, the fastest trotting horse the world has ever seen. The management of the Fair are justly and mightily proud of their success in arranging for the appearance here of this idol of the trotting wrold. Wherever horses are known, there will be found the name and fame of Major Delmar leading all the rest. That he will prove a potent magnet in attracting the presence of all owners of horse flesh in north-eastern Pennsylvania is not too much to be expected.

The official program of the trotting meet during the week of the big Fair has just been issued. Twelve thousand five hundred dollars in prizes have been hung up, with a result that this gilt-edged bait has brought entries from all over the country of the very best in their respective classes. The Wilkes-Barre Fair, being a member of the National Trotting Association, all records made at the famous meet will stand officiallyst amped by regularity.

Miss Ethel Bierman entertained a company of young people on Monday evening in honor of her guest, Miss Gertrude Welsh, of State College.

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits

At a meeting of representatives of the undersigned Banks of Bloomsburg, held July 1st, 1907, it was decided to allow interest on time deposits at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum.

Subject to the rules governing Savings or Interest bearing Deposits.

First National Bank
Farmers National Bank
Bloomsburg National Bank

TREES WITH A HISTORY

Elms Associated With New England's Colonial Days.

THEIR ULTIMATE FATE

Famous Treaties Concluded Under Trees—Landmarks That Tell of the Pioneers—The Crazy Man Who Gave Apples to the West—Big Trees of This Nation.

The first Protestant church service in America was under the trees at Jamestown and the first church bell rung in the West was the one that Father Junipero Serra tied to an arching oak bough at San Diego. The first agricultural fair in America was held under a giant elm at Pittsfield, Mass., the same tree under which the men of that neighborhood formed when they marched away for the War of 1812. When Connecticut's charter was in danger of seizure it was hidden in a hollow oak.

Because the Scotland "dool trees," or "grief trees," on which they hung their enemies in reality or in effigy, early colonists here must needs have something of the sort. So they chose to set up liberty trees in New England.

The Scotch had sycamores, the New England colonists chose elms, which were made to serve many purposes. Under them meetings were held, from their boughs the bodies of offenders dangled, and in their shade drunkards, liars and thieves sat in the stocks.

One tree on Boston Common had a dark history. It stood near the long path that Dr. Holmes immortalized in his "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table," and on it were hanged Margaret Jones and Anne Hibbons, two witches of early days, and Mary Dyer, the Quakeress. Under it Mrs. Oliver was flogged for "reproaching magistrates."

In 1876 this old tree fell in a windstorm, and a detachment of police had to be called to keep the souvenir collectors from cutting it to pieces. An offspring of this tree, about forty years old, is to take its place.

The dean of America's historic trees is the Washington elm of Cambridge. "Under this tree Washington first took command of the American Army, July 3, 1775," reads the inscription compiled by Longfellow and engraved on a tablet. Some say that the first evangelist in America, George Whitefield, preached under this same tree. Twice has the lightning struck it—both times in the same place—and no doubt its days are now numbered.

One of the famous peace oaks that stood in front of John Eliot's old meeting house at Natick is said to be still in existence. It was brought to the missionary by the Indians he had taught and planted by them as an expression of peace. At Dedham another oak is pointed out as the pulpit once used by George Fox the Quaker, when a meeting house was denied him.

Penn's famous treaty tree fell in a gale nearly a hundred years ago. Its prominence was so marked in its early days that the English soldiers placed a special guard around it during the Revolution. After it was felled by a gale in 1810, a great part of the tree was sent to the old Penn family seat at Stoke, near Windsor, England, where it is still preserved.

"Jane McCrea, 1777," is an inscription that was seen for a long while on a large pine tree near Fort Edward on the Hudson. This tree was the silent witness of the death of the girl whose scalp was taken by an Indian to Burgoyne's camp and sold, whereat her lover, who recognized it, deserted the army that would allow such practices.

For many long years a mulberry tree stood to mark the place where the Calverts and the Indians made the treaty that gave Maryland to the Catholics, but it fell fifty years ago. Church furniture was made of it for use in the ancient town of St. Mary's and the Bishop of Maryland has a gavel made from a bit of it.

The strength of the tree is almost incredible. At Jamestown a sycamore tree grew up between the graves of Commissary Blair and his wife. It carried one-third of Mrs. Blair's tomb three feet above the surface, holding it fast in a crotch, while the roots and the body of the tree shattered into tiny bits the stone slab that marked the commissary's tomb.

A once noted tree of the Middle West was the Miami apple tree that stood at the junction of the St. Mary and St. Joseph rivers. It must have sprung from seed dropped by a French priest or trader long ago. In a wigwam under this tree the Miami chief Wild Cat was born.

Other apple trees were found down the valleys by the first settlers, though they were not of a kind indigenous to the soil. Many believed them to have been planted by a crazy man known as "Apple Seed Johnny."

He had an idea that as apples were of great benefit to man the trees sho of great benefit to man the trees should be planted in time to be ready for the settlers.

When the tide of home seekers finally turned that way there was great astonishment and rejoicing over the waiting trees, rich in flower and fruit. Such practical foresight can rarely be fund in the hobbies of crazy men.

WHISKERS AGAINST THEM.

Bearded Foreigners in Crowds Always Under Suspicion.

If you went over to Russia and had a chance to see the czar, you would doubtless improve the opportunity if only to satisfy your curiosity as to what a real, czar looked like. The same curiosity would surely lead you to make special efforts to get a glimpse at the emperor of Germany, if he were to come out to attend some public function, and you would not pass up the chance to shake the hand of most any other ruler of renown. And it is for the same reason that so many foreigners who emigrate to the United States like to catch sight of our president when he goes visiting, and as a result of their enthusiasm usually land in the police stations as suspicious characters there to stay until the nation's chief has got beyond their reach. They have not learned how to show respectful curiosity.

When President Roosevelt arrived in Canton to attend the funeral of Mrs. Ida Saxton McKinley it was only natural that a large crowd should be at the station to greet him. In all of the thousands there assembled there was only one man placed under suspicion of the secret service men who were on hand to guard the President against cranks. This individual was to all appearance a Russian blue eyed, stockily built and wearing an immense crop of brown whiskers. He had gone to the station nearly three hours before the President's train arrived. Not much attention was paid to him then, but it was recalled afterward that the police had to tell him several times to get out of their way.

As the crowd gathered he always managed to keep in the front rank, up against the ropes, stolid, watchful, patient. Once he was seen to get around to a position where he could look into the station. It was also recalled afterward that he had been seen everywhere through the crowds at some time or other during the few hours the crowd lingered.

"I've been watching that man over there," said one of the members of the local committee that had called to escort the president to the home of Justice William R. Day, to a secret service officer, pointing to the interested, watching Russian.

When the officer approached the man he naturally went about the job carefully. The foreigner was alarmed and fidgeted. One of those frightened, imploring grins spread over his face. He couldn't make out why the officer was wanting to know why he happened to be there, and went feeling about over his person, even to the extent of running his hand into one of his inside pockets. Such a bold attempt at pocket picking right in broad daylight and while he was in the midst of his friends, was an experience the foreigner had never ever heard of before. His alarm was agonizing for a few minutes.

Finally he managed to stammer out in broken English that he had come to see the President, merely to look at him from a distance. Did he want to kill him? No, no; the foreigner nearly fainted. He merely wanted "to see president." The same wish that animated the thousands of others.

"Well, your whiskers are a little against you, but I guess you're all right," said the officer finally.

The man with the whiskers, having been pronounced all right, lingered with the crowd to his heart's content. He was in the front ranks when the President finally arrived, and when the crowds began to cheer the foreigner looked at a policeman who was not then busily engaged.

"You may cheer too, whiskers!" said the officer, and the Russian let out a series of yells that would have done credit to a Cossack.

Speaking of the incident afterward, one of the secret service men said:

"We, perhaps, have no good reason for it, but we usually watch foreigners with shaggy beards, closer tnan we do others. Maybe it's because all the pictures printed of Nihilists and dangerous anarchists are ornamented with beards. At any rate, we can't take any chances, whiskers or no whiskers.

"Yes," he continued, "foreigners excite our suspicions more than others, when they gather in crowds that assemble to meet the President; but as a rule they are well behaved. It's only their eagerness to satisfy their curiosity that gets them into trouble. I suppose, however, they act just about the way we would if we were in some foreign land and had a chance to get a free glimpse of the ruler. Only, as I said before, some of the foreigners let their eagerness to see the president of the United States get away with their discretion. And then we have to look after them—just because we're not taking any chances."

Lord Cromer says that Egyptians have a propensity for hoarding gold. A native who recently died left $400,000 stored in gold in his house. Many Egyptians who are possessed of wealth will borrow money at interest to conceal the fact. Large quantities of gold coin are annually melted in Egypt and converted into ornaments.

Failure of the fruit crop will have no effect on the output of "doped" jams and jellies.

The praying Christian is always a doing Christian.

You can not beat a carpet with feathers.

A SCHOOL OF FISHING.

The Practical Belgians are Trying to Revive an Old Industry.

Some time ago a commission was appointed to inquire into the cause of the decline of the once flourishing fishing industry along the Belgian coast. After a careful investigation the commission reported that foreign competition was responsible for this decline; the Belgian fishermen, the report concluded, owing to their antiquated methods, were not able to compete with their English, French, and Norwegian brethren.

As a result of this report, the Belgian government decided that the only way out of the difficulty was the establishment of schools of fishery, where young Belgian fisher people be educated into modern methods of earning their livelihood. Consequently a number of fishing schools have been established on the coast at Ostend, Blandenberghe and Niewport.

Of these the Ostend school is the most important, and a model establishment of the kind. There every facility is given to boys who have chosen fishing as their trade to acquire all the knowledge they may need, and to face the hardships of their vocation. Beautiful museums, containing the choicest and rarest species of fish, shells, birds, and instruments of every description, sea charts and maps, model boats representing every type of vessel, nets, sails, and, in fact, everything pertaining to the fisherman's craft are placed at the young student's disposal.

The course of study at the school lasts three years, during which time the many secrets of the fishing trade are revealed to the youthful Flemings. A peep into some of the school rooms reveals the methods of instruction. Here one sees a large net spread out on the ground, with a number of boys seated on it, engaged with repairs, while another group of youngsters are being taught an accurate knowledge of the sextant, and others still are being initiated into the mysteries of rope splicing.

In another room a class of boys is studying the rules of the road at sea and the exact position of the many lightships in the North Sea. The method of teaching this lesson is both simple and practical. All that is required are some reliable sea charts, a few sets of tiny model vessels, and printed directions, with the assistance of which the boys can learn in one day as much as a lengthy voyage to sea could teach them. A gigantic chart represents the bottom of the sea, with its valleys, rocks, and sand banks, stones, seaweeds, and shells, and explains the ocean's hidden dangers and mysteries.

On the other hand, all the manoeuvers executed on board a fishing boat are practiced on dry land; for this purpose a full size model boat has been erected in the grounds adjoining the school. The future fisherman is likewise taught the making of nets and the handling of them at sea, the cutting, sewing, and repairing of sails, the art of baiting, drying, smoking, and preserving fish, and the use of compass, log, and hoisting colors.

When the pupils have acquired all this useful knowledge they are given an opportunity to show their worth at sea. A training ship is fitted up with this end in view, and for several weeks the student crew carries out all its manoeuvers under the direction of the indefatigable school principal. Thus the finishing touch is given to their education. When the floating school returns to port its occupants are considered to be thoroughly fitted for their vocation and have no difficulty in finding work.

This excellent practical education is given entirely free, which explains to a great extent why the number of pupils is steadily increasing. The regular classes comprise boys between the ages of twelve and nineteen, but older men are admitted if they desire to perfect their knowledge as fishermen.

Oldest Licensed House.

The "Seven Stars," Withy Grove, Manchester, claims to be the oldest licensed house in Great Britain, for it was licensed as a hostelry so long ago as 1356, fifty-five years before Manchester received the charter con-

The Oldest Licensed House in Great Britain.

stituting it a free borough, but the smallness of the town may be judged from the fact that the tolls for its fares was a trifle above $30. There are many traditions connected with the "Seven Stars," one of them being that Dick Turpin and Guy Fawkes visited the place. At any rate, Harrison Ainsworth incorporated this legend into his story about Guy Fawkes. A room on the ground floor bears the words, "Ye Guy Faux Chamber." In 1745 it became the headquarters for the Manchester adherents of Prince Charlie, commanded by Colonel Townley. The hostelry also contains a chair which is said to have belonged to Byron's mother.

Paris has the largest library in the world; New York the largest in the United States.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Produce Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT
July. 98¼ Sept. ....99⅞ Dec... 1.03¼
CORN
July. 60⅜ Sept. ....62⅜ Dec. 60⅜
OATS.—Mixed, @ 51½a52½c.
MILK
Exchange price for standard quality is 2¾c. per quart.
BUTTER
CREAMERY.—Western, extra $ 24½a.25
Firsts 23a24c. State dairy, finest a24
CHEESE
State, full cream. .a12½ Small. .12½
EGGS
Nearby—Fancy 52a26c State—Good to choice. .22a24 Western—Firsts. .—a18
BEEVES.—City dres'd. 9a10c.
CALVES.—City dres'd. 8a12c. Country dressed per lb. 7a11c.
SHEEP.—Per 100 lb. $3.50a5.50.
HOGS.—Live per 100 lb. $6.80a7.10
Country dressed per lb. 8¾a9¾c.
HAY.—Prime, 100 lbs., $1.25.
STRAW.—Long rye, 65a70c.
LIVE POULTRY
FOWLS.—Per lb. a14.
CHICKENS.—Spring, per lb., a17c.
DUCKS.—Per lb. 11a13c.
DRESSED POULTRY
TURKEYS.—Per lb. 10a15c.
FOWLS.—Per lb. 12a14½c.
VEGETABLES
POTATOES.—L. I. per bbl., $2.25a$2.50.
CUCUMBERS.—per box, $1.00a$2.25.
ONIONS.—White, per bbl. $3.50a4.00.
LETTUCE.—Barrel, .75ca$1.25.
BEETS.— per 100 bunches. $1,00a1.50.

FINANCIAL.

Pere Marquette stockholders are initiating steps to have restored to that road the $1,600,000 paid for the purchase of the Toledo Railway and Terminal Company.

Figures of the bank statement showed a decrease of $1,785,475 in surplus reserve, an increase in loans of $3,787,000 and an increase in deposits of $3,529,500.

BASEBALL LEAGUE SUMMARIES.

Standing of the Clubs.

National.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Chicago	72	25	.743
Pittsburg	57	36	.613
New York	55	39	.585
Philadelphia	50	40	.556
Cincinnati	44	53	.454
Brooklyn	43	54	.443
Boston	38	57	.400
St. Louis	23	78	.228

American.

	W.	L.	P. C.
Detroit	57	35	.620
Chicago	60	38	.612
Philadelphia	56	37	.602
Cleveland	55	42	.567
New York	44	50	.468
Boston	38	55	.409
St. Louis	38	56	.404
Washington	28	63	.308

MUCH WHEAT IN NEBRASKA.

Railroads in a Fix Now Trying to Move Part of the Crop.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 6.—Nebraska railroads are swamped with wheat which is being shipped to markets and already the traffic is so great that the roads are badly congested. On some lines in a single division are loaded 1,000 cars of wheat daily and the motive power is not sufficient to keep the sidetracks cleared.

The present movement is altogether from the southern portion of the State. Wheat from northern Nebraska will begin moving next week and the lines will be still further congested.

Rockefeller to Live to 94.

Cleveland, Aug. 8.—Joohn D. Rockefeller is the healthiest man of his age in the world to-day and will live to be at least ninety-four, according to Dr. H. F. Bigger, his family physician.

Dr. Bigger watched Mr. Rockefeller play golf over the Forest Hill links and at the finish declared that the Standard Oil magnate was likely to live more than a quarter of a century longer.

Canned Meats Improve.

Albany, N. Y., Aug. 8.—A bulletin from State Health Commissioner Porter says packers of canned meats are becoming more careful. Last month he found fourteen samples of canned feats contained a boron preservative. This month he could find only nine of the fourteen brands on sale, but of these only one contained boron.

Zion's Lace Factory Sold.

Chicago, Aug. 6.—It was announced in Zion City that arrangements were completed for the sale of the lace factory to a local dry-goods firm for about $265,000. It was said that the purchaser would at once improve the plant at a cost of $1,000,000, and operate it day and night to its full capacity.

Venezuela Will Pay Up.

Caracas, Venezuela, Aug. 8.—Venezuela has advised Belgium that she will pay the disputed claims of Belgian creditors, amounting to $2,000,000, in conformity with the decision of the Hague tribunal. Last month Venezuela intimated very broadly that she would not pay the Belgian claims.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr. SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
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At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE "MILKSICK WEED."

Plant That Strikes Cattle with a Strange Malady.

From time to time in the last five decades Tennesseans have been stirred to a profound sense of interest in the State's mysterious malady, "milk sickness," as its deadly reappearance in certain sections of the State has been followed by fatal results to human beings and to stock. No one has ever discovered the cause of the malady, from which death relieves the victim after such physical agony as almost deprives the human species of the power of speech, and dumb brutes express their sufferings by frenzied search for water to cool the thirst which consumes them. Once by a stream, they plunge or fall into it and quickly drink themselves to death.

The fatal sickness is known to a limited extent in several sections of the State but exists principally near Sparta, in White county. It is contracted through drinking the milk of cows that have eaten a certain weed, known as the "milksick weed," which looks something like clover and grows thickly on the infected land. But what constitutes the poison in the weed is no more determined to-day than it was when first located by the keen witted, nature wise mountaineers who have been its chief victims. It has been ascribed at various times to minerals whose poison is absorbed in the roots of the "milksick" plant; to a vapor from some fungous growth, and to the action of the dew, producing, in connection with the life of the plant, a certain poisonous acid. But all of these theories have failed under tests applied by practical science. On the largest infected section known to exist in the limits of the State, "Milksick Mountain," in White county, no mineral whatever exists; cattle which ate the "milksick weed" after the dew had dried died in agony, just as those which ate it when the dew was fresh and sparkling, and the strictest search failed to find any fungous growth whatever.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Preserved Cherries.

Stone and stem cherries, saving all the juice that exudes in the process. Weigh the fruit and allow a pound of sugar to each pound of the cherries. Put sugar and juice in the preserving kettle and as soon as the sugar is dissolved add the cherries. Simmer gently until the sirup thickens, then turn into heated jars, fill to overflowing and seal.

MAGAZINE READERS
SUNSET MAGAZINE beautifully illustrated, good stories and articles about California and all the Far West. $1.50 a year
CAMERA CRAFT devoted each month to the artistic reproduction of the best work of amateur and professional photographers. $1.00 a year
ROAD OF A THOUSAND WONDERS a book of 75 pages, containing 120 colored photographs of picturesque spots in California and Oregon. $0.75
Total . . . $3.25
All for $1.50
Address all orders to
SUNSET MAGAZINE
Flood Building San Francisco

A Beautiful Flag.

Every American with real red blood in his veins loves our flag. But do you possess a good one? You can get a beautiful flag almost free if you will send a check for $3.50 to *The Philadelphia Press*. This will entitle you to *The Press* daily, except Sunday, for one year by mail, postage paid, and also a fine hand-sewed flag, size 3x5 feet, fast colors, fully guaranteed. This flag also is really worth the amount asked and then you get the great home newspaper of Philadelphia. Be a patriot! When you have a good flag you can demonstrate your patriotism at a time when "Old Glory" should be displayed. If your children are set a good example they will learn to love "Old Glory" like they should be taught. Today is the time to order. Send all orders to Circulation Department of *The Press*, or hand your order to the newsdealer or postmaster. 8-1-5t.

SHAKE OFF THE GRIP of your old enemy, Nasal Catarrh, by using Ely's Cream Balm. Then will all the swelling and soreness be driven out of the tender, inflamed membranes. The fits of sneezing will cease and the discharge, as offensive to others as to yourself, will be cured when the causes that produce it are removed. Cleanliness, comfort and health renewed by the use of Cream Balm. Sold by all druggists for 50 cents or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

"Don't put yourself out on my account," remarked the keeper as he nabbed the convict who was on the point of breaking jail.

Only a Mask.

Many are not being benefitted by the summer vacation as they should be. Now, notwithstanding much outdoor life, they are little if any stronger than they were. The tan on their faces is darker and makes them look healthier, but it is only a mask. They are still nervous, easily tired, upset by trifles, and they do not eat nor sleep well. What they need is what tones the nerves, perfects digestion, creates appetite, and makes sleep refreshing, and that is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Pupils and teachers generally will find the chief purpose of the vacation best subserved by this great medicine which, as we know, "builds up the whole system."

Tommy—"Pop, ears are always on the side, aren't they?" Tommy's Pop—"Yes, my son." Tommy—"Then what's a frontier?"

"It is the little rift within the lute which ever widening, makes the music mute." It is just a little rift in the health of a woman often, which gradually takes the spring from her step, the light from her eyes, the rose from her cheek and the music from her voice. Perhaps the bug-bear which has frightened the woman from the timely help needed at the beginning has been the dreaded questions, the obnoxious examination, the local treatments, of the home physician. There is no need for these. Nor is there need for continued suffering. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription can be relied on by every woman, suffering from what are called "female troubles" to renew the health and cure the disease. Women are astonished at the results of the use of this medicine. It not only makes weak women "robust and rosy cheeked," but it gives them back the vigor and vitality of youth. This is not a "patent medicine" but a prescription of known composition in which pure, triple-refined glycerine is used instead of alcohol. Each bottle-wrapper bears a full list of ingredients upon it.

TRIAL LIST

FOR WEEK BEGINNING MONDAY SEPTEMBER 2. FIRST WEEK.

John Racakis vs. American Assurance Company of 14 S. Broad St., Phila.

Ontario Drill Co. vs. Holland McHenry and C. A. Edson, trading as McHenry and Edson.

Samuel W. Cole vs. B. F. Gardner.

Wayne County Savings Bank vs. E. P. Williams.

Pittsburg Coal Company vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Company.

SECOND WEEK.

Fred Hummel vs. Tidewater Pipe Line Company.

Alfred H. Yetter, George Yetter vs. Jeremiah Longenberger.

E. D. Tewksbury, Admr. vs. The P. & R. Ry. Co.

William Ney vs. The P. & R. Ry. Co.

George Confair vs. The American Car and Foundry Company.

Henry Miller vs. The P. & R. Ry. Co.

J. L. Reece vs. J. F. Lemon.

The Com. of Pa. at the suggestion and to the use of Hooven Owen Rentschler Co., a corporation duly incorporated under the laws of Ohio and for the use of all other persons whom it may concern vs. Daniel Knorr, Pierce Zimmerman, John L. Kline, Ezariah Zocum and Simon R. Carl.

Wilson Yeager, agent, now to the use of Eliza E. Fowler vs. Samuel Klase.

Lavina Rabuck, intermarried with Philip Rabuck vs. The Penna. R. R. Co.

Daniel Ball vs. Montour Township.

Thomas M. Mensch vs. Sunbury, Hazleton and Wilkes-Barre Railway Co. and Penna. R. R. Co. lessee of S. H. and W. B. Ry. Co.

Ellen Geary, intermarried with J. H. Geary, Priscilla Reifeldiffer intermarried with John Reifeldiffer vs. S. H. and W. B. Ry. Co. and Penna. R. R. Co., lessee of Sunbury and Hazleton.

Adam Truckenmiller vs. Fannie Keiler, Ellen Knittle, Clara Knittle and Emma Knittle.

Robert C. Howell vs. S. B. & B. R. R. Co.

Peter Knecht vs. Penna. R. R. Co., lessee of S. H. and W. B. Ry. Co. and Penna. R. R. Co.

Emma L. Smith, Executrix of estate of Ellen E. Harvey, dec'd vs. Lumberman's and Merchant's Mutual Fire Insurance Company.

William H. Hauck vs. Cabin Run Coal Co.

John Shuman vs. P. & R. Ry. Co.

Samuel Longenberger vs. P. & R. Ry. Co.

Rathbone Sard and Company vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Company.

Stephen B. Martin vs. P. & R. Ry. Co.

A. B. Herring vs. P. & R. Ry. Co.

Souvenir Post Cards are printed at this office. Half tones supplied. tf.

War has been declared on the great catalogue houses of Chicago and other cities by the 500,000 retail merchants of the west. In one of the most striking economic movements this country ever has known the small dealers are fighting, they say, for their lives. The mammoth institutions, employing thousands of workers, doing their business entirely through the medium of their bulky catalogues, spending no money in the communities whence they derive annually millions of dollars of patronage, are forcing increasing numbers of home merchants to the wall and, so their opponents claim, are "making commercial graveyards of once prosperous towns."

If the photographer took people for what they are worth he would take some people for nothing.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh That Contain Mercury,

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

The effect of *Scott's Emulsion* on thin, pale children is magical.

It makes them plump, rosy, active, happy.

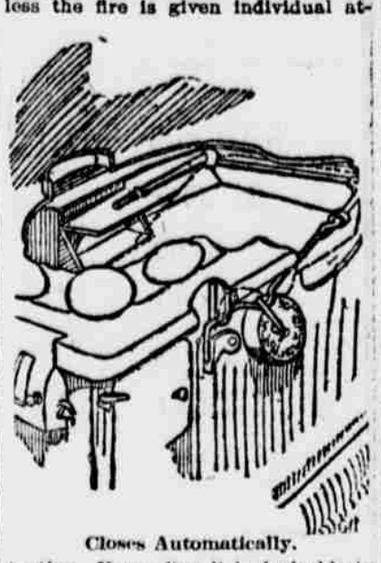
It contains Cod Liver Oil, Hypophosphites and Glycerine, to make fat, blood and bone, and so put together that it is easily digested by little folk.

ALL DRUGGISTS: 50c. AND $1.00.

AUTOMATIC FIRE REGULATOR.

Clock Mechanism for Keeping Heat at Even Temperature.

At the time of building a fire the direct draft damper is obviously opened in order that the requisite draft may be had. Frequently, however, the dampers are forgotten, unless the fire is given individual attention. Very often it is desirable to leave the kitchen, and the fire is forgotten. For use in such emergencies a Virginia man has devised a damper regulator that is very simple in operation. On the front of the range he places a clock mechanism having an indicator graduated into minutes, etc. If the cook calculates that it will take a half hour for the fire to get hot, she sets the clock mechanism back half an hour and winds it up. At the end of that time an indicator on the front of the clock will have revolved until it connects with a lever leading to the air damper. As the indicator revolves it gradually causes the damper to close, forcing the heat into the oven. The action of the lever is shown by the dotted lines in the illustration. The fire will then remain at an almost even temperature for the usual period.



Closes Automatically.

French Cooks' Corsets.

All Frenchwomen wear corsets; a great majority have their corsets made to order.

My own cook, for instance, does, and she pays thirty francs (about $6) a pair, says a French correspondent in Harper's Bazar. These for best last her three or four years. In families driven to the last limit of economy corsets are commonly home made. Very poor women, obliged to purchase their corsets ready-made, buy invariably a good article, paying on an average $3 a pair.

These initial expenditures become relatively economical by virtue of the excellence of the article secured and by the care and cleverness which the French exercise in cleaning and repairing corsets.

Seven Novel Suggestions.

If a drop light gas pipe leaks you need not buy a new one, but wind securely with electric tape.

If salt is thrown quickly on the stove when milk has boiled over it will prevent the disagreeable odor from going through the house.

When one is at a hotel or lives in one room, they can always have a fresh supply of handkerchiefs on hand. All that is necessary is to paste them on the mirror or the window and stretch them firmly. When dry they will be much smoother than if you ironed them. Very thin stocks can also be laundered in the same manner.

To Clean Gilt Frames.

Water should never touch gilt frames, but they should be cleansed with dry cloth or chamois. In fact, if any lacquered goods have once been washed, the washing and polishing will have to be kept up continually.

Never use so much water in washing mirrors that there is enough to soak in at the edge, and never wash a mirror standing in the sun. There is not much danger of the latter, however, as most people know that a mirror standing where the sun strikes it, even when dry, is very apt to be ruined.

Best of All.

A woman likes to be loved.

She likes to feel she is useful in matters besides household work.

She likes to be petted occasionally; those private little pet names are very dear to a woman's heart.

She wants her husband to be her friend and companion, for a kind word often goes farther than a valuable present.

A word of praise over a successful accomplishment she has made will often satisfy her for the work and worry of it.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

KNEW WHERE IT WAS.

In Her Letter She Offered Good Suggestions.

A lady left her home for the annual visit to her mother. Before her departure she told her husband that if he wanted anything he could not easily find he was to write to her for directions. "Don't turn the house upside down, as you generally do," she said. "I will answer at once, and tell you just where it is."

Soon after his wife's departure a neighbor came in to borrow a pattern of a dress. The husband wrote, as he had been requested to do. This was the answer by return:

"You will find it hanging on the wall by the garred stairs, or in the box on the top of the sewing machine in Ellen's room—the green box, or the red one, I forget which. Perhaps, though, it is on the top shelf in the cupboard in our room—left-hand side. If I remember correctly, but look on the other side, too. If not there, it is in the bottom drawer of the bureau in the hall. That is where I keep my patterns, and don't untie all the bundles. It is among them somewhere. Perhaps it is in the second drawer. It is somewhere upstairs, any way, so don't rummage downstairs. P. S.—Now I come to think of it, I may have lent it to my sister Ann!"

No Need to Run...

Mrs. Clews-Parsons, whose brilliant and daring book on marriage has created so much excitement, said at a dinner in New York:

"They who are happily married are shocked at the idea of trial marriages, but they who are unhappily linked together, and are yet too proud and sensitive to get a divorce, must see much in my idea that is of value.

"How many marriages would be dissolved if the dissolution could be accomplished without shame! How many married people feel toward each other like a husband I heard of the other day?

"He said to his wife at breakfast, crustily:

"'I dreamed about you last night.'

"'What did you dream?' she asked.

"'I dreamed I caught a chap running away with you.'

"'And what did you say to him?' she inquired, listlessly.

"'I asked him what he was running for.'"

Definitely Fixed.

"Expert legal testimony," says a well-known member of the New York bar, "can easily be made a two-edged weapon in court.

"A clever and capable mining engineer was obliged to take the stand as an expert in a suit in Nevada a couple of years ago. The case involved large issues.

"The examination was conducted by a young and smart attorney, who patronized the expert with all the authority of half a dozen years of practice.

"One of his questions related to the form in which the ore was found, a form generally known as 'kidney lumps.'

"'Now, sir,' said the attorney, 'how large are these lumps? You say that they are oblong in shape. Are they as long as my head?'

"'Yes,' replied the expert, 'but not nearly so thick.'"—Harper's Weekly.

Where He Caught It.

An Irish lad on the east side was obliged recently to seek treatment at a dispensary, relates a writer in Success. On his return home from the first treatment he was met by this inquiry from his mother:

"An' what did the docthor man say was the matter wid your eye?"

"He said there was some furrin substance in it."

"Shure!" exclaimed the old woman, with I-told-you-so air, "now, maybe, ye'll kape away from thim Eyetalian boys!"

HUMPHREYS'

Specifics cure by acting directly on the *sick parts* without disturbing the rest of the system.

No. 1	for	Fevers.
No. 2	"	Worms.
No. 3	"	Teething.
No. 4	"	Diarrhea.
No. 7	"	Coughs.
No. 8	"	Neuralgia.
No. 9	"	Headaches.
No. 10	"	Dyspepsia.
No. 11	"	Suppressed Periods.
No. 12	"	Whites.
No. 13	"	Croup.
No. 14	"	The Skin.
No. 15	"	Rheumatism.
No. 16	"	Malaria.
No. 19	"	Catarrh.
No. 20	"	Whooping Cough.
No. 27	"	The Kidneys.
No. 30	"	The Bladder.
No. 77	"	La Grippe.

In small bottles of pellets that fit the vest pocket. At Druggists or mailed, 25c. each. Medical Guide mailed free.

Humphreys' Med. Co., Cor. William & John Streets, New York.

STRANGE MARRIAGE CUSTOMS.

Date From Bible Times and Attended With Great Ceremony.

Marriage and courtship in the Orient are still conducted with the same odd ceremonies and forms that were in vogue in Biblical times. At an Arabian wedding the bridegroom and bride consider it beneath their dignity to show any especial interest in the proceedings.

The entire party, men and women, form in procession, with wax tapers, flambeaux and torches, the lights so perfumed as to fill the streets with their fragrance, with a band of music and a company of clowns, who cut up all manner of didos on the way, and the pageant marches to the home of the bride. They find the house barricaded and they are refused admittance. A fierce but harmless sham battle is fought, always ending in the assaulting party taking the house by storm.

This custom, of course, is a survival of the time when the battles were in deadly earnest, and when actual force was used in capturing women from real enemies. After the make-believe struggle the women of the victorious party rush into an inner apartment where the bride is found sitting alone. They throw a veil of silk and gold over her head and bear her away, the wails of herself and her friends being drowned by the music, the noise of the buffoons and the shouts of triumph from the bridegrooms's party. The apparently unwilling bride hangs back, and as she must be forced along at every step a whole hour may be consumed in dragging her for the first hundred yards. The more trouble she gives the greater will be her reputation for maidenly modesty. Finally she is lifted over the blood of a slain sheep to the back of a camel, says the Pittsburg Dispatch.

Having arrived at the bridegroom's home the bride is placed upon a divan, where she is expected to show the most abject melancholy amid the general levity. As the women pass before her she kisses their hands. The whole night is spent by the guests in rejoicing, eating and drinking.

The prevailing color of the bride's trousseau is sky blue and each garment is very heavily embroidered. Her apparel consists in part of very full trousers, over which she wears a flowing skirt. Above these two garments is a vest with ample sleeves, and over this is a large merino jacket, open in front to the waist, but her bosom concealed by a profusion of snowy lace. A cashmere shawl is loosely thrown over all. Gold guards surround her neck and a watch dangles from her waist, while festoons of pearls are looped over her dress. On her head she wears a red velvet cap over the edge of which hangs a loose fold of blue merino, the whole headdress being bespangled with precious stones. Her hands and wrists are stained with henna. Slippers of blue and gold complete her elaborate attire.

From the moment that the officiating priest enters the house next day all levity ceases. Crowns are placed upon the heads of the contracting parties, rings are placed upon their fingers and their hands are joined. As soon as they are blessed with prayer and benediction and the priest has departed the mirth is renewed and doesn't cease until midnight. In the morning the giving of presents is in order. The wedding festivities are kept up for ten days, a different crowd being present each day, with wild dancing and boisterous song. Sometimes the fun is varied by the bride's relatives setting upon the bridegroom and giving him a sound thrashing. Through all the revelry the bride sits by herself, never smiling nor speaking.

Plants That Give Light.

"It is a phenomenon of the same order as respiration, and is accompanied by a considerable emission of carbonic acid . . . it disappears when the plant dies, and it is extinguished by hydrogen and carbonic acid. . . .

A Luminous Mushroom, the Olive Agaric.

It is a vital manifestation and must not be confused with the phosphorescence that takes place in the course of vegetable putrefaction, which is due to an invasion of luminous micro-organisms, probably bacteria.

"The light of the olive agaric is, according to M. Fabre's observations, soft, white, quiet, and similar to that given off by phosphorus dissolved in oil. It requires for its production, as in the case of the Rhizomorphs, certain physical conditions. Thus it ceases at 9 deg. C. (48 deg. F.) and is extinguished above 50 deg. C. (122 deg. F.) Desiccation and immersion in water also extinguish it."—Translation made for the Literary Digest.

The smoking of dried coltsfoot leaves antedated the introduction of tobacco in England.

PENNSYLVANIA Railroad.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT SEPTEMBER 25, 1906

Trains leave EAST BLOOMSBURG as follows:

For Nescopeck and Wilkes-Barre, 7:50, 10:46 a. m., 2:43 (4:28 Nescopeck only), 6:20 p. m. week-days.

For Catawissa and Sunbury, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays 4:07 p. m.

For Pittston and Scranton as follows: 7:50 10:46 a. m., 2.43, 6.20 p. m. week-days.

For Pottsville, Reading and Philadelphia, 7 50 a. m., 4:28 p. m. week days.

For Hazleton, 7:50 10:46 a. m., 4.28, 6.20 p. m. week days.

For Lewisburg, Milton, Williamsport, Lock Haven, Renovo, and Ridgway 11 47 a. m. week days; Lock Haven only, 8:25 a. m, 4:07 p. m.; for Williamsport and intermediate stations, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. 4:07, 7.25 p. m. week days; 4.07 p. m. Sundays.

For Bellefonte, Tyrone, Philipsburg, and Clearfield, 8:25, 11:47 a. m., week days.

For Harrisburg and intermediate stations 8.25, 11:47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; 4:07 p. m. Sundays.

For Philadelphia (via Harrisburg), Baltimore and Washington 8:25, 11 47 a. m., 4:07, 7:25 p. m. week days; Sundays, 4:07 p. m.

For Pittsburg (via Harrisburg), 8:25 a. m., 4.07 7.25 p. m. week days; 4:07 daily; via Lewistown Junction, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days; via Lock Haven, 8:25, 11:47 a. m. week-days.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Pass'r Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent

PHILADELPHIA & READING RAILWAY.

In effect Nov. 17, 1904.
TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading, Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 7.27 via West Milton; 11:30 a m, via East Mahanoy; 3.29 p m via West Milton.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.27 a m 3.29 p m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7:27 a m 3.29 p. m.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.27, 11:28 a m 12.20, 7.00, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.27, 11.28 a. m. 12.20 3.29, 7.00, p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG:

Leave New York via Philadelphia 9.05 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.21 a. m.

Leave Reading 12.15 p. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.55 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.49 p. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.00 a m, 4.30 p. m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 6.36, 8.20 a. m. 1.30, 3.32 p.m.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 6.44, 8.28, 11.40 a. m. 1.38, 3.40 6.21 p. m.

ATLANTIC CITY R. R.
From Chestnut Street Ferry.
For South St. see timetables at stations.

WEEKDAYS.

ATLANTIC CITY.	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY AND OCEAN CITY
7:30 a. m. Lcl.	4:00 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp	(60 Minutes)	4:15 p. m.
11:30 a. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m.
2:00 p. m. Exp.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	SEA ISLE CITY
	7:15 p. m. Exp.	8:50 a. m.
	SUNDAYS.	
ATLANTIC CITY	ATLANTIC CITY.	CAPE MAY OCEAN CITY AND SEA ISLE CITY.
8:00 a. m. Lcl.	5:00 p. m. Lcl.	8:45 a. m.
9:00 a. m. Exp.	7:15 p. m. Exp.	
10:00 a. m. Exp.		

Detailed time tables at ticket offices, 13th and Chestnut Sts., 834 Chestnut St., 1005 Chestnut St., 609 South 3rd St., 3062 Market St., and at Stations.

Union Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences.

A. T. DICE, Gen'l Supt. EDSON J. WEEKS, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT

June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m

First car leaves Catawissa Sunda 7:30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

THE POSTAL TYPEWRITER $25.00

A Few Excelling Features

First-class in material and workmanship.
Uses universal key board—writes 84 characters.
Simple construction—Fewest parts.
Alignment positive and permanent.
Extra great manifolding power.
Unexcelled for mimeograph stencil cutting.
Inked by ribbon, as in $100 machine
Visible writing—no carriage to lift.
Style of type changed if desired in few seconds.
Light, easily carried—weighs only 10½ pounds.
The lowest priced practical typewriter.
Every machine fully guaranteed.
Why pay $100 for a typewriter when the Postal, which will do just the same work as well, as easily and as quickly will cost you only $25.
Why tie up that $75 where you derive no benefit from it?
This machine can be seen at the COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

Postal Typewriter Company
Norwalk Conn

LACKAWANNA Railroad.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

In Effect March 1st., 1904.

EAST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M
NORTHUMBERLAND	*6 45	†10 00	†1.50	†*5 25
Cameron	6 56	.....	12 01	†6 24
Danville	7 06	10 19	2 11	5 44
Catawissa	7 19	10 32	2 23	5 56
Rupert	7 24	10 37	2 29	6 02
Bloomsburg	7 31	10 41	2 35	6 [illegible]
Espy	7 36	†10 46	2 40	6 [illegible]
Lime Ridge	7 41	†10 51	12 46	6 [illegible]
Willow Grove	†7 45	.....	†2 50	.....
Briarcreek	7 48	.....	†2 53	6 [illegible]
Berwick	7 54	11 02	2 58	6 34
Beach Haven	8 00	†11 07	3 03	6 41
Hick's Ferry	8 08	†11 12	3 09	6 47
Shickshinny	8 20	11 25	3 20	6 59
Hunlock's	8 30	.....	3 31	7 09
Nanticoke	8 37	11 39	3 38	7 14
Avondale	8 40	.....	3 42	7 22
Plymouth	8 44	11 47	3 47	7 26
Plymouth Junction	8 47	.....	3 52	.....
Kingston	8 55	11 55	4 00	7
Luzerne	8 58	a11 58	4 03	7 42
Forty Fort	†9 00	.....	4 07	.....
Wyoming	9 05	12 05	4 12	7
West Pittston	9 10	.....	4 17	7 53
Susquehanna Ave	9 13	12 11	4 20	7 56
Pittston	9 19	12 14	4 24	8 01
Duryea	9 23	.....	4 29	8 06
Old Forge	9 26	.....	4 32	8 10
Taylor	9 32	.....	†4 40	8 17
SCRANTON	*9 42	†12 35	4 50	*8 25
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.

WEST.

STATIONS.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 35	10 20	1 55	*6 40
Taylor	6 44	10 30	2 02	6 4
Old Forge	6 50	10 36	2 10	6 55
Duryea	6 53	10 39	2 13	6 58
Pittston	6 57	10 44	2 17	7 02
Susquehanna Ave	7 00	10 47	2 19	7 04
West Pittston	7 04	10 51	2 23	7 08
Wyoming	7 09	10 56	2 27	7 12
Forty Fort	.....	.....	†2 31	.....
Luzerne	7 16	11 02	2 34	7 19
Kingston	7 23	11 08	2 40	7 25
Plymouth Junction	.....	.....	.....	.....
Plymouth	7 28	11 17	2 49	7 31
Avondale	7 37	.....	2 54	.....
Nanticoke	7 41	11 25	2 58	7 42
Hunlock's	7 47	11 34	3 06	7 48
Shickshinny	7 57	11 44	3 20	7 58
Hick's Ferry	8 08	†11 54	3 30	†8 08
Beach Haven	8 14	12 00	3 37	8 14
Berwick	8 22	12 07	3 44	8 20
Briarcreek	.....	†12 13	†3 50	.....
Willow Grove	.....	.....	†3 54	†8 29
Lime Ridge	†8 33	12 18	3 58	8 33
Espy	.....	12 23	4 06	8 39
Bloomsburg	8 45	12 29	4 12	8 45
Rupert	8 49	12 34	4 15	8 50
Catawissa	8 58	12 38	4 20	8 55
Danville	9 07	12 51	4 29	9 10
Cameron	9 14	†1 01	4 43	.....
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 25	†1 12	†4 56	9 35
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M	P. M

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡ Stops on signal or notice to conductor.

E. M. RINE, Supt. T. W. LEE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1906, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M
	21			
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 57	6 15	6 05
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 59	6 17	....
Bloomsburg Main St	9 05	3 02	6 20	....
Paper Mill	9 15	3 50	6 30	6 20
Light Street	9 18	3 55	6 34	6 25
Orangeville	9 26	4 03	6 43	6 50
Forks	9 36	4 13	6 52	7 03
Zaners	9 40	4 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	4 25	7 05	7 40
Benton	9 56	4 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons	10 00	4 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	10 03	4 40	7 21	8 16
Laubachs	10 08	4 45	7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park	10 10	4 47	7 33	....
Central	10 15	4 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City	10 18	4 55	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
					22
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	6 01	17 12	4 47	11 00	....
Laubachs	6 03	11 02	4 48	7 18	11 52
Coles Creek	6 12	11 06	4 53	7 22	12 05
Edsons	6 14	11 09	4 56	17 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	6 35	11 29	5 17	17 45	12 58
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville	6 50	11 4.	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street	7 00	11 50	89	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. Main St.	7 13	12 09	5 53	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

Trains No. 21 and 22, mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily. § Sunday only. ¶ Flag stop. W. C. SNYDER, Supt.

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THE COLUMBIAN.
ESTABLISHED 1866.
THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
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THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1907

HARMAN SAVED BERRY FROM GANG

Present Nominee for State Treasurer Scotched Snake in Extra Session Bill.

KNOCKED MATHUES OUT.

Defeated Scheme to Distribute Twelve Millions Before Lid-Lifter Took Hold.

Just one speech made by the Democratic nominee for State Treasurer, John G. Harman—or, rather, a series of speeches to which he was aroused in the course of a memorable debate—is regarded by the Democratic leaders as sufficient to prove his eminent worthiness to be the successor of State Treasurer Berry. Although the Democratic nominee is less than 35 years of age, his achievements have made him an influential leader of his party. He was the most eloquent Democrat in the State House of Representatives during his service therein, which was in the regular session of 1905 and the extraordinary session of 1906. He was invariably called upon by his fellow-Democrats whenever strong argument, from a legal standpoint or otherwise, was wanted for their side.

Mr. Harman made many notable speeches in the House, but his most effective one defeated the Machine purpose to divide the State's surplus funds, under the new law's plan, among banks and trust companies favored by the Organization, before Mr. Berry could be installed as State Treasurer. The speech or speeches of Mr. Harman on that occasion are to serve a good purpose in the approaching campaign. As a result of the conference of Democratic State leaders in Harrisburg on Friday, it is announced that there will be a good deal to tell the people in addition to the comment which the Democratic speakers will make upon the prosecutions of the Capitol plunderers. Although the Democratic State platform has made the Capitol revelations the one great issue, it is to be shown that the candidate for Berry's place is an issue in himself. Mr. Berry, who is to accompany Mr. Harman on the speaking tour of the State, will find in Harman's record a prolific source of facts to prove that the right sort of man to maintain the good work begun by the present Treasurer is the party's standard-bearer in this campaign.

WOULD-BE STRANGLERS OF BERRY.

In a gathering Saturday of Democrats in Philadelphia who talked of the anticipated coming of State Chairman Dimeling to establish campaign headquarters in the city, the Harman speech which has been specially referred to was discussed in detail, and was pronounced a very valuable portion of the campaign ammunition. They argued that his speech not only showed the desperation with which the gang legislators, even in the "reform" extra session, strove to bunco the taxpayers of the State, but proved also that Mr. Harman combined in himself the qualifications of a successful party leader and of a citizen fit to be trusted with the custody of the public funds.

Upon the occasion in question, when the extra session of 1906 was well advanced, Mr. Harman was aroused by the gang's doctoring of the "Jackson bill" for the regulation of the deposits of the State's money. Mr. Harman declared that the bill, as it came back from the Senate, "ought to be called a bill to strangle the incoming State Treasurer." It was only the middle of February when the bill was thus going through the Legislature and Mr. Berry was not to become Treasurer until May. Harman denounced the bill as being aimed "to rebuke the people who elected an honest man to office, and arrest the judgment of the electors' of the Commonwealth." He pointed out that the Senate had so amended the bill as to make it take effect immediately upon its approval by the Governor.

SAVED THE DAY FOR BERRY.

It is believed by the Democratic leaders that the bill would have passed the House in that shape if Mr. Harman had not appealed so powerfully to the respectable element of the Republican side. The bill provided for the manner of distribution of the funds by a board composed of the three Revenue Commissioners and the Banking Commissioner. Berry was to be one of the Revenue Commissioners in May, but "Midnight" Mathues was a Commissioner at the time of Harman's speech. Mathues' colleagues in that Commission were Auditor General Snyder and the Secretary of the Commonwealth, and the Banking Commissioner was Berkey, the Somerset boss. The gang wanted the funds disposed of by these four men in advance of Berry's taking the oath of office.

Harman called attention to the fact that two of the members of this board were not elected by the people, who had chosen Berry to have a hand in the apportioning of the deposits. "If you pass this bill." said Mr. Harman, "the State Treasurer-elect, when he takes office on the first Monday of May, will have no part in the placing of these funds, and I say to you as Americans, as lovers of decency in public life, as admirers of some degree of honesty in public affairs, this 'amendment' ought not to pass." Continuing, he said:

The people demanded in the last election that the gentlemen who had control of the situation for years and years upon this hill-top must come down and out to give way to a man in whom they have shown confidence. I care not whether he is a Prohibitionist, Greenbacker, Mugwump or Democrat, they had confidence in him, and desired that he should have some control and some say in the handling of the State's money. When that vote was cast the people never dreamed that there would be an extra session of this Legislature to undo and thwart and gag and bind fast the man they elected to look after this money. This was no part of that campaign. This was no issue before the people. The simple proposition was the election of a man in whom they had confidence.

Mr. Speaker, I ask you and this House, regardless of politics, I ask you as citizens of this Commonwealth, is there a shadow of a square deal in this proposition? By the terms of this bill you deprive the incoming State Treasurer of the last shred and vestige of power in depositing many millions. You would transfer from him to this Board of Commissioners the power that is given him by virtue of his office to have control over these funds. You would place the disposition of ten or twelve million dollars of the people's money in this Board of four men, two of whom are simply Gubernatorial creatures, and none of whom was ever asked or expected by the people to have anything to do with this business. You would place the money in the hands of men who are not under bond for it. Do you think the people of this Commonwealth ever contemplated anything of this kind?

If there was one thing made clear in that election, it is that you are free men now. No longer need you fear any whip plied over your head in this House. No longer do you see the gentleman from Philadelphia, in defiance of the rules, pass up and down the passageways of this House, giving orders about certain bills and threatening that if you disobeyed, your appropriation would be cut. My friends, they are all down and out, and past and gone, and this State today enjoys a new birth of freedom. I ask you, my friends, to be free men. Will you tell me that you will go back home and confess to your constituents that you voted to tie the hands of the man they elected to office as State Treasurer? Will you vote to thwart the will of the people who elected a man who will give us an honest deal and a square administration of the office of State Treasurer? I appeal to you, not as Republicans, not as Democrats, but as men elected to represent the people of this State, who placed this man in office, that we should and must rise above the consideration of partisan politics, and not concur in this "amendment."

Yet several of the Machine "whips" continued for nours inventing arguments against Harman. Even Mr. Jackson, sponsor for the bill, argued that it would be a great convenience to the incoming Treasurer to have the distribution of the funds done before his installation. Harman, returning again and again to the conflict, felt obliged to become more "personal" than he had been. He said that "the very issue upon which Mr. Berry was elected was that the Treasurers, for years, had manipulated the funds of the office to the shame and disgrace of this Commonwealth, and the people rose in their might and smote that shame and demanded that it be wholly abolished."

Harman expressed the belief, if his appeal should fail, "that by the first Monday of May, 1906, every dollar of the State's money will be snugly stowed away in the favorite banks. There are twelve millions now, and every dollar of it will go. Mr. Berry was elected to handle those twelve millions. He was not elected to be a member of a Board in which he would have no power." Mr. Harman added that, of course, Mr. Berry could not be prevented by this or any other legislation from "lifting the lid." He was sure to do that, all right; but it would be a pity if he should be barred from putting out the existing funds.

Harman was victorious in that fight. The bill was changed in accordance with his demands, and although the Democrats still condemned certain features of the measure, they had the satisfaction of seeing the operation of the new law deferred until June 1, 1906, a month after the famous lid-lifter took hold of the treasury. Concerning the frequent boast of the "eminent respectables" of the Republican Organization that their party gave the people the extra session and its "reform" laws, the Democratic campaign speakers can add at least one new argument to their old contention that every reform of that extra session, and very much more, had been persistently demanded by the Democratic legislators term after term.

When Harman eloquently advocated and voted for the representative apportionment which the Republicans, in defiance of the Constitution, had refused to enact at the proper time, he deliberately legislated himself out of office, as the reapportionment cut Columbia county's representation to one member, and he, like everybody else, believed that "Farmer" Creasy would be the one returned.

The new response to the Machine boasters who point to what the G. O. P. did in Harrisburg after it was forced to "be good" is the simple query as to what would have happened to Berry in the discussion upon the Jackson bill if Harman, or a man of his type and ability had not been there.—*Phila. Record.*

My Hair is Scraggly

Do you like it? Then why be contented with it? Have to be? Oh, no! Just put on Ayer's Hair Vigor and have long, thick hair; soft, even hair. But first of all, stop your hair from coming out. Save what you have. Ayer's Hair Vigor will not disappoint you. It feeds the hair-bulbs; makes weak hair strong.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of
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CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PROPER BUSINESS PRECAUTION.

No newspaper in this broad Commonwealth which is supporting the Republican candidate for State Treasurer will seriously claim that his reputation for ability and integrity is any better than that of Judge Pennypacker when he was taken out of the quiet life of the judiciary and catapulted into the office of Governor. He was claimed as a model of official excellence. He was said to have no faults at all, perceptible or even conjectural, yet he became the worst Governor we have ever had, the most iniquitous of all our Chief Magistrates. His administration will stink in the nostrils of the people for scores of years.

If the people hadn't elected William H. Berry to the office of State Treasurer in 1905 Judge Pennypacker would still be enjoying the enviable reputation for probity and honor which he acquired while on the bench. For nearly three years he had been allowing his personal and political friends to loot the State and encouraging the nefarious processes. But almost the moment that a representative of the minority party got into the fiscal boards the iniquities were stopped and the atrocious character of Pennypacker was exposed. Mr. Berry could neither be deceived, cajoled nor coerced into acquiescence in the vices.

If the Republican candidate for State Treasurer is elected this year the old conditions will be restored. Granting that he is as honest as Pennypacker was, he will nevertheless yield to the same influences which corrupted that man of simple life and lofty impulses. For these reasons it is the palpable duty of the people to continue the minority representation in the administration of the state government by electing that sterling and courageous Democrat, John G. Harman, of Columbia county. There is no political significance in such a result of the election. It is simply a proper business precaution.

—*Watchman.*

Pure Food and the Cost of Living.

From Leslie's Weekly.

Some food industries will suffer under the new laws. Certain kinds of fish that have been widely sold have been cured in the past with borax, a preservative prohibited by the new regulations. It will be necessary for the manufacturers of this fish either to find some other way of curing it or to withdraw it from the market.

The same is true with some colored goods, where their brilliant appearance has been the chief factor in their sale. When dyes are not allowed, the lack of attractiveness of some dessert preparations will lessen their use. This will not raise prices; at first it will tend to lower them. The laborer with a large family and small purse, who is compelled to patronize the cheap grocery, has been getting cheap food in the past—cheap in price but dear in real value. Now he may continue to go to the low-priced store, but while a few months ago he knew very little of the quality of the groceries in his basket, at present, if he is so fortunate as to live in a State where food laws are in power, he can depend upon it that his dollar has bought a dollar's worth of nourishment, not a lot of adulterated spices, artificial vinegars, misnamed coffees, and bleached and preserved canned goods.

A "Sovereign" That Costs Only a Dollar.

Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, of Rondout, N. Y., is a "Sovereign" medicine for nervousness, Rheumatism, Kidney and Liver complaints, and all the ills peculiar to women. It drives the poison from the blood, and restores the patient to the bloom of health. You will never regret the exchange of one dollar for a bottle.

There's A Chance

to find something here in the suit line that you are badly in need of.

¼ OFF REGULAR SELLING PRICE.

$25.00	Suits Now		$18.75
22.00	"	"	15.50
20.00	"	"	15.00
18.00	"	"	12.50
16.00	"	"	12.00
15.00	"	"	11.25
12.00	"	"	9.00

TOWNSEND'S NEW STORE.

July Clearance Sale AT PURSEL'S

We have on sale thousands of yards of bright, new Summer Dress Goods at bargain prices. Right in the very heart of the wash fabric season, when the demand is at its height, we have slaughtered prices in a way that makes your buying elsewhere an extravagance. But bless you we have a regular feast of bargains all over the store. Read every item here quoted—they are all interesting.

SUMMER DRESS GOODS.

We have divided this vast quantity into five different lots for your quick choosing. We do advise you to come early.

Lot 1—Including Lawns in dots and stripes—splendid colorings. 5c the yard.

Lot 2—Thin dress materials in Lawns, Voiles, etc. Regularly 15 to 25c the yd. Good variety—won't last long—9c a yd.

Lot 3—Cotton Foulards, highly mercerized and silky all new Foulard styles. Some stripes and dots. Regulary 25c. On sale for 16c the yard.

Lot 4—Printed Mulls—the prettiest and sheerest Mulls on the market. Floral and stripe designs in all the beautiful colorings. Regularly 25c. Now 19c yd

Lot 5—These exquisite Cotton and Silk Novelties that were 39 and 50c are now 32½c the yard.

Lot of Ladies' Dress Skirts

We have gone through the entire stock and placed on sale one hundred Skirts in Panamas, Mohairs, Chev. iots, all styles, just half price.

$6.50	Skirts	$3.25
5.50	"	2.75
3.88	"	1.99

LOT OF SPECIAL EMBROIDERY

Suitable for Lawn, Muslin and Cambric. From the narrowest edgings to the 9 inch flouncings, insertion to match. Divided in three lots.

Lot 1, 5 cents a yard
Lot 2, 10 cents a yard
Lot 3, 19 cents a yard

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BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

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Jayne's Expectorant
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The world's Standard Throat and Lung Medicine for 75 years.
Get it of your druggist and keep it always ready in the house.

EVANS' SHOE STORE.

Why not have the best?

40 Styles of beautiful Oxfords and Shoes to Select From.

SUMMER

Patent Leather, Vici Kid, Patent Colt, Gun Metal,

PRICES, $1.00 to $4.00

Styles and workmanship Supreme.

The Progressive Shoe Store

Chas. M. Evans

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1907

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa., as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

Rev. and Mrs. J. D. Thomas are visiting relatives in Maryland.

O. D. McHenry of Stillwater was in town on Monday on business.

Joseph Skeer has returned from his European trip. He spent two months in England and France.

We were pleased to receive a call last week from Mr. A. F. Ohl of Ingram, Pa. It was his first visit here in several years.

The United States Express Co., has moved back into its former location on Main street, but with enlarged and improved quarters.

Miss Martha Creasy entertained a number of young ladies at the Creasy cottage, Arbutus Park, on Wednesday, in honor of Miss Martha Wilson of Philadelphia.

State Treasurer and Mrs. W. H. Berry and son were the guests of Hon. W. T. Creasy at his home near Catawissa on Tuesday. They attended the Farmers' Picnic at Whitenight's Grove on Wednesday.

The laying of the corner stone of the new building for the Odd Fellows' Orphans Home, of Central Pennsylvania, near Sunbury, will take place on August 15th. An interesting program has been prepared.

PATENTS Money in small inventions as well as large. Send for free booklet. **Milo B. Stevens & Co.**, 884 14th St., Washington, D. C. Branches: Chicago, Cleveland, Detroit. Estab. 1864. 7-24-4w

Mrs. Elizabeth Robison, one of the oldest residents of Montour county, departed this life at the home of her son, Joseph J. Robison, Liberty township, on Sunday evening, aged eighty-eight years and fifteen days.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to selcet from.

Citizens of Sunbury have become excited over the discovery that a local spring, the water of which has been used by hundreds of persons daily, contains typhoid fever germs. Five persons have been stricken with the fever, and an epidemic is feared.

Mrs. Charles Law, of Philadelphia, was killed at Chelsea, N. J. last Saturday, by a collision between an automobile and a trolley car. She was thrown from the automobile, striking her head on a street rail, crushing her skull. She was a sister-in-law of Willie Law, superintendent of the Magee Carpet Mill.

JERSEYS

Combination and Golden Lad

FOR SALE—2 Cows, 3 Heifers and 12 Bulls.

S. E. NIVIN, Landenburg, Pa.

5-23-1y*

The Parlor City Theatorium is drawing crowds nightly, which is the best evidence that their entertainment is giving good satisfaction. The pictures are changed three times a week. Blaine Saltzer is the pianist, and his playing is one of the features of the entertainment. Bundy Bros. are furnishing their patrons with a good big nickle's worth every time. Go and see them.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PENSION FOR MRS. FAUVER.

Secured Through the Personal Efforts of Congressman McHenry.

Mrs. Sarah Fauver, widow of the late Henry Faver, of Milton, is receiving the congratulations of her friends upon the granting of her pension claim. This case was a most worthy one, but owing to some complications it had been delayed so long that her friends had given up hope of her ever securing her just dues. Through the personal efforts of Congressman McHenry, speedy action has been taken by the department resulting in placing her on the $15 per month list from June 25, 1907, and the payment to her of back claims still due which have been approved by the department. Not only the soldiers but all citizens of this district can congratulate themselves upon having a representative who will look after their interests in an energetic and capable manner.—*Milton Standard.*

"The Old World and Its Ways."

Col. William Jennings Bryan announces a new book of travel entitled "The Old World and Its Ways" which recounts his recent tour around the world and his journeys through Europe. It is profusely and elegantly illustrated with 240 artistic engravings representing men and things seen in the various countries of the earth during that noted journey. The engravings are made from photographs taken by him or his party specially for this publication. It is the monumental literary work of his life, and is published under his special supervision. He has, by special contract with his publishers, made the retail price low down with the view to putting it within the easy reach of every reader and book buyer.

The book gives his experiences—what he saw and did—whom he met and his impressions and conclusions. He made a profound study of men and things as he saw them in this noted journey around the world. He gives governmental, educational, religious and other conditions, from the standpoint of a student and one profoundly interested in all the people of the earth.

While Col. Bryan traveled as a private citizen he went with the prestige of having made two memorable contests for the Presidency of the United States, and he was everywhere recognized and entertained as a great representative American, having a leading part in the direction of American affairs. He was given opportunity for observations never before accorded to any one traveling in private capacity.

If one wants to see the world, and the people who are at the head of affairs in all countries, as well as the masses, he has in this book an opportunity of seeing them through the eyes of Col. William Jennings Bryan. It is sold by subscription, and the Thompson Publishing Company of St. Louis, Mo., are the fortunate publishers. They offer an especially inviting opportunity to solicitors in another column of this issue. 1t.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following account has been filed in the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county and will be presented to the said court on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1907, and confirmed nisi and unless exceptions are filed within four days will be confirmed absolute:

First and final account of J. R. Montgomery, Committee of the estate of Mary A. Pursel, a lunatic.

C. M. TERWILLIGER, Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. 8-8-4t.

Farmers will soon be busy harvesting oats. It is a good crop.

H. W. CHAMPLIN M. D.

EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT.

Particular attention to examining and treating children's eyes.

Ent Building. Bloomsburg, Pa

HARVESTING BY MOONLIGHT

Several thousand acres of Lehigh county wheat were cut last week by moonlight. The harvest, already three weeks late on account of cold weather in spring, was much delayed by the rains of the past fortnight. Farmers accordingly took advantage of the full moon to cut their grain, which was dead ripe. Self-binders were brought into play, and relays of horses used. The moon was so bright that it was as easy to reap the grain by night as by day. Some farmers kept their binders running without stopping for sixty hours. The farmers paid neighboring boys and girls twenty cents an hour to shock the grain as fast as the reapers cut it, besides giving them three meals, breakfast, dinner and supper, and three luncheons, at 9 a. m., 3 p. m. and at midnight. Some of the boys and girls worked a full twenty-four hours for a day, making $4.80, besides getting their board. This is believed to be the record paid for farm labor in the United States. Even at that the farmers regarded the work done for them more as an accommodation than cold-blooded labor done for hire. Many of the harvest workers thus employed are school teachers, their recompense for working in the fields being double that of the school room. The harvest, which is about half completed, is prolific beyond all expectations.

MT. CARMEL TROLLEY.

S. P. Wolverton in Charge of the Line.

The board of directors of the Shamokin and Mount Carmel Transit Company met in Shamokin last week and placed Attorney Simon P. Wolverton, of Sunbury, a heavy stockholder, in charge of the local trolley line. Mr. Wolverton will have power to resume operations or sell the road as he sees fit. G. M. Smith is packing up his household effects in the Hotel Graemer, at Shamokin, and is shipping them to Lancaster county. He and his family will follow them and the future home will be made there.

SIXTH WHITE REUNION.

The sixth annual reunion of the White family will be held at Columbia Park on Wednesday, August 21. All persons in any way related to the family are cordially invited to attend. Please notify your relatives—don't miss anyone.

A short program is being arranged, at which time subjects of historical interest will be presented. All who can are requested to bring such games as will assist in entertaining the young people.

W. C. White,
Jacob Oman,
Isaiah White,
Committee.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

ELEVEN-DAY EXCURSION

TO

ASBURY PARK

OCEAN GROVE

OR

LONG BRANCH

FRIDAY, AUGUST 23, 1907

ROUND **$4.50** TRIP

FROM EAST BLOOMSBURG.

Tickets good going only on train leaving 8.25 a. m. Good returning on all regular trains.

Carnival Week at Asbury Park.

Camp Meeting at Ocean Grove

LABOR DAY AT THE SEASHORE.

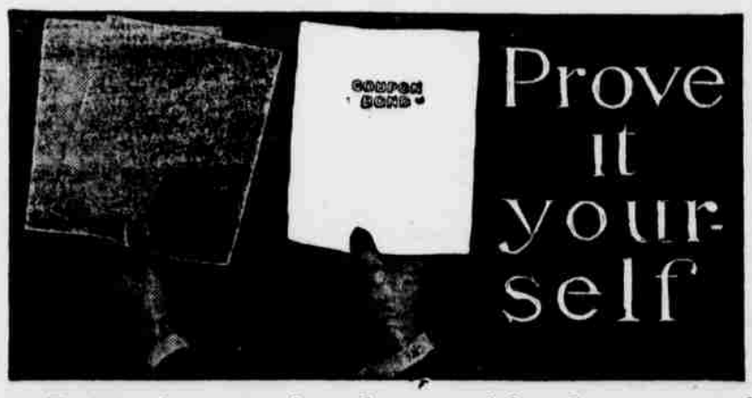
Consult nearest Ticket Agents.

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.

GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

8-8-5 2t

The Proof is in the Comparison.



Particular people whose pride of name and pride in product goes into their stationery have preferred Coupon Bond irrespective of price for over fifteen years.

Not the cheapening hurry of today but the old slow careful methods that make for fineness and permanence are still used in making COUPON BOND Its beautiful color and texture, its remarkable toughness and erasing qualities make it not only a distinctive paper—but the de luxe and incomparable paper for all business correspondence. Write your letters so that they will compel a reading—write them on

COUPON BOND

to strengthen their appeal and to reflect the high standing of your house. COUPON BOND costs no more than other good bond papers—but no other bond paper will serve you as well.

American Writing Paper Co.,

Largest Manufacturers of the Commercial Paper in the World. 29 Mills. **Holyoke, Mass.**

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is handled by the

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Where Samples can be seen.

JULY CLEARANCE

of lots of dependable merchandise at reduced prices.

WHITE DRESSES

$ 6.50 Suits now $ 4.75
17.50 " " 12.50
10.00 " " 7.00

WOOL SUITS.

$19.75 now $12.75
14.00 " 10.00
20.00 " 14.00

LAWN WAISTS.

1.25 grade now 79 cents
Others in proportion at 1.00, 1.50, 1.80.

WHITE DRESS

Skirts of Shrunken Muslin and Linens at 98 cts. 1.20 and 1.25

SPIDER SILKS.

Handsome patterns, choice printings. Regular 50c. pieces now 39 cents.

LAWNS, BATISTES, &c., at Reduced Prices.

THE CLARK STORE.

Alexander Brothers & Co.,

—DEALERS IN—

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, Confectionery and Nuts.

Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

JUPITER, KING OSCAR, WRITTEN GUARANTEE, COLUMBIAN, ETC.

Also F. F. Adams & Co's FINE CUT CHEWING TOBACCO.

ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Draperies, Oil Cloth and Window Curtains

You Will Find a Nice Line at

W. H. BROWER'S

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

A GREAT OFFER

For You Only

Read this announcement. It is your opportunity. If you don't read it you will miss your chance. The greatest magazines in this country have combined to be offered together at a greatly reduced rate. Never before was such an offer given to the public, and it is safe to say never will be made again. This year several magazines have increased their subscription price, which shows how much greater this offer really is. The only reason we are making it to the people of this vicinity is because the magazine finds they have not as many subscribers as they desire in this particular locality. But only a limited number will be sold at this price, therefore we advise every one to accept this offer without delay. When we have received a certain number we shall withdraw the offer.

Cosmopolitan per year $1.00
The Columbian per year $1.00
Total per year $2.00

Our Price $1.00

COSMOPOLITAN

No matter how many magazines you take, Cosmopolitan is the one you cannot afford to do without. One feature in each issue is always of such overwhelming importance and worldwide interest as to lead the magazine world for that month. "The best, no matter what it costs," seems to be the motto which has made Cosmopolitan resemble no other magazine but Cosmopolitan.

For 1907 the publishers of the Cosmopolitan announce contributions from such famous authors as G. Bernard Shaw, Jack London, W. W. Jacobs, Edwin Markham, Joseph Conrad, H. G. Wells, Anthony Hope, Alfred Henry Lewis, Booth Tarkington, David Graham Phillips, Ella Wheeler Wilcox, etc.

Fill out coupon—mail today with your remittance—and be sure of getting the greatest magazine combination that was ever offered—an opportunity of years and one it is safe to say will never be made again.

CUT OFF ON THIS LINE.

THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa. *Date*.....

Enclosed please find $1.50 for which enter my name for one year's subscription to your paper and the Cosmopolitan.

Name.....

Address.....

.....

FINE OF $29,240,000

Imposed on Standard Oil Company for Accepting Rebates.

LAWS TO BE ENFORCED

Staggering Sentence Pronounced by Federal Judge Landis at Chicago the Maximum on the 1,462 Counts and the Largest Fine in the History of Jurisprudence.

Chicago, Aug. 8.—"It is the judgment and sentence of the Court that the defendant Standard Oil Company pay a fine of $29,240,000.

"It must not be assumed that in this jurisdiction these laws may be ignored. If they are not obeyed, they will be enforced. The plain demands of justice require that the facts disclosed in this proceeding be submitted to a grand jury with a view to the consideration of the conduct of the other party to these transactions. Let an order be entered for a panel of sixty men returnable at 10 o'clock on the morning of Aug. 14. The United States District-Attorney is directed to proceed accordingly."

In these words Judge Kenesaw Mountain Landis in the United States District Court fined the Standard Oil Company of Indiana $29,240,000 for violation of the law against accepting rebates from railroads and ordered the prosecution of the railroad—the Chicago and Alton—accused of being a party to the crime.

The fine is the largest ever assessed against any individual or any corporation in the history of jurisprudence and is slightly more than one hundred and thirty-one times as great as the amount received by the company through its rebating operations.

The case will be carried to the higher courts by the defendantt company on appeal.

Under the seven indictments still pending against the Standard an additional fine amounting to $88,440,000 may be levied against the company if it is found guilty on trial. There are in these seven indictments a total of 4,422 counts, and the maximum fine in each count would be $20,000.

Penalty Imposed the Maximum.

The penalty imposed by Judge Landis is the maximum permitted under the law—$20,000 on each of the 1,462 counts. The amount of the fine is more than Jefferson paid for the Louisiana Purchase, with Alaska thrown in; more than the whole Philippine Archipelago cost the United States in money; greater that the net income of five independent monarchies bordering the Danube and the Mediterranean. Great wars have been waged on less sums. The fine is 50 per cent. of the annual income of the giant trust. All the wars that Athens and Sparta fought against invaders and against each other never cost so much.

The gigantic fine was announced by Judge Landis at the end of a long opinion in which the methods of the Standard were mercilessly scored. The Judge declared:

"The men who thus deliberately violate this law wound society more deeply than does he who counterfeits the coin or steals letters from the mail.",

Judge Landis commenced reading his decision at 10 o'clock and occupied about an hour in its delivery. He reviewed the facts in the case, took up the arguments of the attorneys for the defense and answered them and then passed judgment upon the company, which he declared violated the law for the sole purpose of swelling its dividends.

Sorry He Could Only Impose a Fine.

The Court held that the railroads have no more right to make a secret rate for a shipper than a board of assessors would have to make a secret assessment of any particular piece of property.

The Court expressed regret that the law failed to provide more serious punishment than a fine, but insisted that the penalty should be sufficiently large to act as a deterrent, and not of such a size as to encourage the offender to persist in lawlessness.

It was at the conclusion of his opinion, and after announcing the amount of the fine, that Judge Landis directed that a special grand jury be called for the purpose of inquiring into the acts of the Chicago and Alton Railroad, it having been proved in the case just closed that the oil company accepted rebates from that corporation. This jury is summoned for Aug. 14.

Johnston Alabama Senator.

Montgomery, Ala., Aug. 8.—Joseph Forney Johnston was here elected United States Senator in place of the late Edmund Wilson Pettus. Senator Johnston received every vote, Republicans and Democrats uniting on him.

Mrs. Logan's Gift to Illinois.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Mrs. John A. Logan has shipped to Springfield, Ill., the splendid memorial collection of souvenirs of Gen. Logan and her son, Major Logan, thirty cases, a gift to the State.

CUBA OFFICERS LOYAL.

Colonels Offer Aid to Governor Magoon.

Havana, Cuba, Aug. 7.—Several colonels and officers of other rank in the late revelutionary army have written to Governor Magoon from Guira de Melena, Havana Province, indorsing the letter sent to the Governor by veterans of La Maya, in Santiago.

They assure the Governor, as the veterans did, of their loyalty, and offer their help in case of need, protesting against attempts to disturb public order. They also declare the report of a revolutionary band in Guira de Melena is absolutely false.

Liberals of San Luis ,in Pinar del Rio Province, resolved in a mass meeting that the appointment of presidential candidates now is premature, and therefore they reject both Gomez and Zayas. This is a result of the tour recently made of the province by General Guerra, chief of the late revolution, proclaiming the same principals.

It is reported the band in Santiago has vanished. It is said its alleged leader, Salgueiro, is concealed in a house in Santiago city.

Three men, charged with belonging to this band, have been arrested in Santiago and indicted. The whole country is very quiet.

SNAKE IN BEER KILLS.

Copperhead Crawled in While Keg Was in a Cooling Spring.

Ashland, Ky., Aug. 6.—A copperhead snake which had crawled into a beer keg and died, caused the death of "Red" Popham, Samuel Biggs, Will Simpson, and Carey Turney in an outing camp at Welch, fifteen miles distant, in the mountains, and probably will end the lives of Samuel Willis and Walter Johnson.

Ralph Dunbar came here and returned to the camp with a doctor.

"With seven other men I went to Welch intending to remain one week. We took several kegs of beer. The journey over the mountains is rough and I presume the beer accumulated an extra amount of gas. One keg was partly submerged in a spring and the bung flew out. All who drank the beer became ill and four quickly expired. An investigation revealed a big copperhead snake in the keg and this explains the death of my friends."

COREANS MAY INCITE REVOLT.

500 Soldiers Escape to Mountains After Battle With Japs.

Seoul, Corea, Aug. 6.—Of twelve hundred men, comprising two battalions, participating in the West Gate fight with the Japanese troops more than five hundred have succeeded in escaping to the mountains surrounding Seoul. The last reports show eleven oficers and ninety-six non-commissioned officers and men killed upward of one hundred wounded and 516 captured. Not exceeding two hundred participated in the active fighting.

It is believed the deserters are well equipped with arms and ammunition and it is feared they will either succeed in joining the troops at the northern stations, from which nothing has been heard, or become a menace as roving bandits. The search for them is actively proceeding. Unverified reports indicate that a number of Corean civilians were killed by searching parties of soldiers and hoodlums.

SYRACUSE OUT $250,000.

Local Improvement Taxes Pocketed in Treasurer's Office.

Syracuse, N. Y., Aug. 8.—The defalcation in the City Treasurer's office will reach $250,000, it is announced. The embezzlements are all from local improvement payments, most of them ten years back. When payment was made the money was pocketed by some one in the offices, the charge against the property was left on the books and when the property was advertised for sale the property upon which payment had been made was edited out of the advertisement.

This practice was followed for several years. While the books of the City Treasurer have been examined annually, the accountants have never examined the local improvement books. The money abstracted has been on amounts of from $10 to $1,000.

AMERICAN RUSH TO CANADA.

Prof. Jenks Visiting the Canadian Northwest to Learn Reasons for it.

Winnipeg, Man., Aug 8.—Prof. Jeremiah W. Jenks of Cornell, friend of President Roosevelt and member of the United States Immigration Commission, is on a tour of the Canadian Northwest investigating the matter of American immigration into Canada. He has visited Winnepeg, Sasaktoon, Regina, Edmonton and Prince Albert and has now gone to the Pacific coast.

It is said Prof. Jenks will make a confidential report to the President on the reasons as he sees them for the volume of immigration into Canada from the Western States. Prof. Jenks is also looking into the movement of Asiatics to British Columbia and he says he expects this to assume bigger proportions in Canada. Prof. Jenks's tour is said to be for the purpose of devising some scheme to turn the American current back to the States.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

Governor Comer and Alabama State officers regard the defiance by the Southern Railway of the revocation of its license as an act of outlawry, and they are planning methods to enforce the State laws.

Judge Landis, of Chicago, issued a perpetual injunction restraining the Funriture Trust from doing any further business.

Judge Clark ruled in Bar Harbor, Me., that an automobile remained an automobile even when it was towed by a horse, and Fordham C. Mahoney, of New York, was fined $1 for riding over a forbidden road.

Cooperstown, N. Y., began its centennial celebration.

Ralph Peters, president of the Long Island Railroad Company, was arrested of a charge of neglecting to provide proper safeguards at a crossing where two persons were killed by a train.

Charles Appleby, a retired New York lawyer, of eighty-three years, exposed a plot of swindlers who tried to rob him of $50,000 worth of real estate by means of a forged deed.

Stirred by the crime wave, Acting Commissioner O'Keeffe of New York demanded five hundred additional policemen, to be set at work exclusively on the particular offences; assaults on women and little girls now causing so many sensations.

John D. Rockefeller refused to discuss the imposing of a fine on the Standard Oil Company.

Augustus St. Gaudens, noted sculptor, died in his home in Cornish, N. H.

The navy Submarine Board reported that the Octopus was the best boat in the recent tests at Newport R. I.

Taft and Foraker leaders in Ohio declare the political war between Secretary and Senator has "only just begun."

According to an expert, the State of Pennsylvania was charged $1,500,000 too much for $2,000,000 worth of metal furnishings for the Capitol building.

During the three months prior to last March 31 there were 20,563 persons hurt and 421 killed in railway accidents, according to the Interstate Commerce Commission's report.

Rear Admiral Evans consulted with Acting Secretary Newburry regarding the coming cruise of his fleet to the Pacific waters.

Cuban liberals and conservatives each accuse the other of getting up a "fake" revolution to influence American action in the island.

Suit was brought against the Long Island Railroad Company for $119,300 damages caused by forest fires on Long Island.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Hostile Morrocan tribesmen were defeated in battle at Cascablanca and retired from the town.

A despatch from Teheran reports that the city is quiet, but Persian cavalry are said to have joined the Turkish invaders and to be threatening Urumiah.

General Karakozoff, former Governor General of Odessa, was shot dead in a town of the Caucasus.

That the meeting of Tsar and Kaiser at Swinemunde emphasizes the traditional friendship of Germany and Russia and makes for peace is St. Petersburg's opinion.

According to a despatch from London, England has formed an alliance with Russia to safeguard the Indian frontier.

Emperor William and the Tsar met at Swinemunde.

A despatch from Antwerp says the Shipping Federation has reduced the wages of dock laborers and sent for British strike breakers in case the men should quit.

A despatch from The Hague says that the British proposal for the abolition of contraband was practically defeated in committee.

Moorish tribesmen invaded Casa Blanca and killed two port guardians and ten foreigners, among whom were six Frenchmen. France has ordered war ships to the scene.

Captain Amundsen, is very pessimistic of the success of Mr. Walter Wellman's airship expedition to the Pole.

German textile factory owners, are about to send buyers to the cotton belt here for supplies instead of purchasing in English markets.

SPORTING NEWS.

In the second game of the series for the Rhode Island Polo Cup, on the ground of the Point Judith C. C., at Naragansett Pier, Point Judith defeated Great Neck by 18 to 6½.

The Newcastle Stable's McCarter and Running Water finished first and second in the $10,000 Saratoga Handicap. Dandelion, the favorite, was third.

David Shaw's Alice Pointer won the $10,000 purse for 2:12 pacers at the Buffalo Grand Circuit meeting.

W. H. Dubois' Charles Edward defeated his only opponent, J. L. McGinnis' Frank Gill, in the $15,000 Brighton Derby on the closing day at Brighton Beach.

C. Sherman Hoyt's sloop Capsicum took first prize in the race of the Seawanhaka Y.C. to and around Cornfield Lightship and return.

Sailors of the fourth division, battleship division, United States navy, won the Old Guard trophy in the State rifle meet at Creedmoor.

THE PASHA SURRENDERS.

Marines Shoot Down 150 Moors Who Attack Them.

Paris, Aug. 8.—French and Spanish troops are in possession of Casablanca after a terrific bombardment and hand-to-hand fighting in the streets. The Moors percipitated the conflict early Sunday by attacking a landing party on the way to the French consulate. The ensign in command was shot through both hands, but he gave the order to charge. With fixed bayonets the marines cut their way through a column of native troops, leaving 150 dead and wounded in their wake. The marines reached the consulate, and the news of the fighting was signalled to the French cruisers, which immediately opened fire with all their guns. More than 2,000 shells were fired. The native quarter of the city was wiped out and several hundred rebels were slain. The last despatch received by the Frnch Government it to the effect that the Pasha at Casablanca has formerly surrendered the town to the allies.

NEW DRY DOCK A SUCCESS.

Big Kearsarge Settles on Keel Blocks Without a Jar.

Philadelphia, Aug. 6.—The battleship Kearsarge rode ponderously into the new stone and concrete dry dock at League Island, thus formally opening the career of the greatest navy yard basin in the United States, and demonstrating that the $5,000,000 expended upon it by the Government was not spent in vain.

So vast is the dock that although the Kearsarge is 368 feet long, with a beam slightly in excess of 78 feet, she looked something like a child's toy boat in a pail of water. The length of the basin over all from the outer groove to the head of the dock is 750 feet. The width amidships is 134 feet. At mean high tide the water over the sill is 30 feet deep, a sufficient depth to accommodate the largest battleship afloat.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY INDICTED.

Prosecuted for Doing Business in Alabama Without a License.

Marion, Ala., Aug. 8.—A Grand Jury here returned an indictment against the Southern Railway for doing business in Alabama as a foreign company without license. This action was taken as a result of Secretary of State Julian's action in revoking the charter of the company because the railway removed a case from a State to a Federal court.

Solicitor Thompson says the prosecution will be pushed, and that other indictments may follow for each day the Grand Jury is in session.

WOMAN'S EYE SCRATCHED OUT.

Strange Cat Attacks Her When She Tries to Drive It Out.

Washington, N. J., Aug. 7.—Mrs. Thomas B. Gerard of Wood Glen, near Changewater, has lost the sight of her right eye by a cat's scratch. She saw a strange cat enter her house a day or two ago, and endeavored to drive it out. The cat ran into a bedroom and sprang upon the bed. When Mrs. Gerard attempted to catch the animal it jumped at her face.

In addition to the loss of her eye, Mrs. Gerard is suffering from severe lacerations of the face.

Police Coward Dismissed.

New York, Aug. 8.—Policeman Stephen S. Walsh of the East Fifty-first Street Station was formally branded a coward for running away from Warner, the murderer who killed Esther Norling and John C. Wilson last week. His shield and precinct number were torn from his coat and then he was led to the door down the long corrider, and as put out of the Police Department.

A little throng of policemen and citizens saw the man's degradation. They hissed as the policeman who had disgraced his uniform was thrown out of the gray stone building which is the headquarters of the force that Byrnes called "finest in the world."

Dying Boy Gives Mother Rabies.

Danville, Ill., Aug. 8.—Mrs. Chas. T. Davis is suffering severely as a result of having been bitten on the chin by her baby boy, who had contracted rabies after an attack by a dog. The child is dead and the mother's death is feared.

HEARST LAYS PLANS

National Conference of Leaguers to Discuss the Presidency next Month.

FOR FIGHT IN 1908

Reaching For the West—His Agents Seek to Organize Haywood Sentiment There for Hearst—Help From Murphy and Conners, Too—Their Present Foothold in Many States.

New York Aug. 7.—Arrangements have almost been completed by the political managers of William R. Hearst ,for a National conference of Independent League leaders from various States, which is to be held in this city next month. At this conference, it is understood, plans for the National campaign in 1908 will be very fully discussed.

Democratic politicians who heard of this did not by any means receive the news with equanimity. They regarded it as indicating that Mr. Hearst, though he has publicly read himself out of the party ,intends to become a disturbing factor in Democratic National politics during the Presidential year, very much after the same manner that he was in 1904 in National politics and last year in New York State politics, only on a larger scale.

Mr. Hearst now has Independence League organizations in a number of States. The league is an element in politics in this State, in Connecticut, Massachusetts, Illinois, and California. It is learned now that Mr. Hearst is harboring plans to invade Colorado and Idaho to reap there whatever benefits can be obtained through the acquittal of Haywood and the turn things have taken there generally as a result of that acquittal in regard to the relations between organized labor and the employers. It is also known that Mr. Hearst's agents for some time have been at work feeling their way into Missouri with a view of obtaining a foothold there for the ideas represented by the Hearst Independence League and building up some sort of an organization.

At the conference to be held next month ways and means for a further spread of the propaganda of unrest and discontent on which Mr. Hearst hopes to ride to political eminence will be discussed, according to persons in the confidence of the Independence League leader.

VOLIVA QUITS ZION CITY.

Defeated in Court He Declares He Will Start Rival Organization.

Chicago, Aug. 7.—After hearing the denial of his petition that he be appointed a co-receiver with John C. Hately, now in charge of the Zion city property, Overseer Wilbur Glenn Voliva, who usurped the place of John Alexander Dowie as head of the Christian Catholic Church, asserted to-day his defiance of the forces organixed against him and declared that he would abandon Zion City to establish a colony of his own elsewhere.

"I shall abandon the old hulk, and she may sink, for all of me" declared Voliva as he was leaving the court after his petition had been denied and the sale of the lace factory for $380,000 had been ordered. "It is my purpose now to gather my followers about me as soon as possible and establish a new colony."

BUILT SHIPS 300 YEARS.

Bath, Me., Celebrates Anniversary of first American Launching.

Bath, Me., Aug. 7.—The city of Bath assumed this week an honor belonging to the small town of Popham, and celebrated the 300th anniversary of the birth of American shipbuilding in a manner more extensive than would be possible for the town.

The first launching in the United States took place at Popham Beach when the Pinnace Virginia, product of the disheartened members of the Popham colony, slid down the crude ways to the ocean.

The celebration included a reception of distinguished guests, a reception of officers of American and foreign war ships, a balloon ascension, bonfires along both sides of the Kennebec River from Bath to the ocean and literary exercises in the evening.

Latest in Postal Cards.

Washington, Aug. 8.—A one cent postal card of new design is about to be issued by the Post Office Department. It is made of cream colored cardboard, 3¼ by 5½ inches in size, and is printed in black ink. A frame surrounds the stamp. The portrait used upon the stamp is a profile of McKinley in a circular frame with the date of his birth and death, "1843, McKinley, 1901," enclosed in a ribbon.

Prohibitionists Sing Praise.

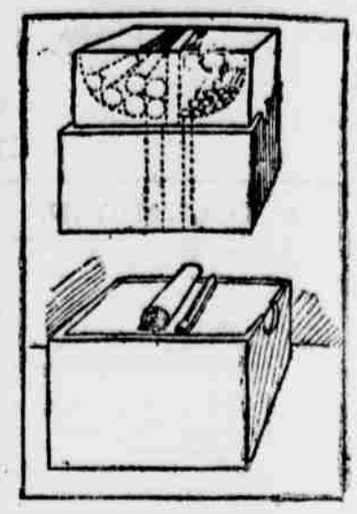
Atlanta, Ga., Aug. 8.—A large crowd of enthusiastic Prohibitionists watched Gov. Hooke Smith attach his official signature to the Prohibition bill. The new law is effective Jan. 1, 1908.

As the Governor affixed his signature the Prohibitionists sang "Praise God from Whom All Blessings Flow.

COMBINATION SMOKING CASE.

Automatically Discharges a Cigarette and a Match.

Novelties are nowhere in greater demand than among tobacco smokers. Strange to say, the more unique the novelty the more interest it will arouse. A recent invention in this line is the combination cigarette and match shown in the illustration. It consists of a telescopic case, one side comprising a cigarette receptacle and the other a match receptacle, with a partition between. On each side of the parition are slots for the auto-



Discharges Automatically.

matic discharge of a cigarette and a match simultaneously. The case is first loaded by dropping the cigarettes and the matches in the respective slots. In the receptacles they rest upon an incline which forces one of them at all times on top of the dischargers. To discharge the contents, the inner portion of the telescopic case is raised, which allows a cigarette and a match to come in contact with the discharger. As the case is lowered all the cigarettes and matches naturally fall to the bottom of the receptacle except those on the dischargers, which are forced out through the slots in the top of the case.

Money Earned by Convicts.

It is not generally known but it is nevertheless a fact that convicts in the Ohio Penitentiary earn as high as $50 or $60 a month for themselves working overtime. They have a certain task to perform in eight hours, and all work they get out above their tasks is credited to them. In the bolt shop alone more than 200 men divide every month $900 or work accomplished in overtime. The convicts are not allowed to work more than eight hours a day. One man in the bolt shop earns nearly $60 every month running what is called a perfect mill. A large number of convicts clear for themselves more than $30 a month.

Ridding of Ants.

Constant cultivation will, as a rule, discourage the presence of ants in a garden. But if this course does not avail, try a treatment of carbon bi-sulphide. Pour a little of this into each nest of ants, closing each opening after treatment by stepping on it. The fumes will penetrate the nest in every direction, killing both ants and larvae, but it soon evaporates and so does not injure the soil. Be careful, however, not to breathe or ignite the carbon bi-sulphide fumes, and do not let the liquid come in contact with vegetable or useful roots. Do not uncork the bottle in a house or in a closed room.

The Ideal Cartridge.

The Swiss military musketry experts are conducting experiments to solve a problem that has proved a difficulty for all armies. The object is to find a cartridge which will be of equal efficiency at short and at long ranges. Now, in France and Germany this end is not yet attained. The German bullet (Mark S) is light and is good at short ranges, while not so precise at the long ones. The French bullet (Mark D) has the opposite defect—it is weak at ranges shorter than 400 yards. The Swiss Army authorities believe they have a bullet which will solve the problem.

Brilliant Electric Signs.

Brilliant effects for electric signs are now to be readily obtained with little cost by the use of small colored transparent caps which fit over the rounded ends of the incandescent bulbs. This, says the Scientific American permits the owner of a changeable electric sign to alter the legend at will and to indulge in the use of colors without the necessity of keeping on hand a large supply of colored lamps some of which are very expensive.

Cotton Growing in Australia.

The cotton growing industry in parts of Australia is steadily progressing, the crop of 1905 having amounted to 113,098 pounds, the average return per acre being $45. There has since been a notable extension in the acreage, aided by a Government expert. A cotton-growing association has been formed to secure uniformity in the variety grown and to have the cotton graded and branded for export.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of

CONSUMPTION IN RUSSIA

Fermented Mare's Milk Used As a Bases of Cure.

MANY ARE BENEFITED

A British Doctor the Founder of the Great Resort Where the Patients Drink Enormous Quantities of Koumiss Each Day — Life There Far From Unpleasant.

Janetovka, the Russian consumptive resort in the Samara steppes, is the queerest "cure" in all the world. It is based on the "koumiss treatment."

Koumiss as every one knows, is formerly practising in St. Petersburg; this has been found to possess marvelous nutritive and restorative powers when combined with clear strong air and sunlight. Janetovka is due to Dr. G. L. Carrick, a British physician formrly practising in St. Petersburg; years ago he was one of the surgeons at the Brompton Consumption Hospital in London.

The season at Janetovka lasts only from June till the end of August. Summer on the steppes is excessively hot —often 105 degrees in the shade—yet in the night it may sink to 45 degrees or even lower. Nevertheless, no dew falls except about an hour before sunset so that the nights left cool and dry—a delightful change after the blazing sunshine of the day. And these long silent nights have no inconsiderable part in the cure, for many restless patients are almost forced into slumber by the heavy, mysterious silence of the great steppes.

No fewer than 170 persons are engaged in Janetovka, largely herders for the great troops of milch mares. The servants in the cottages are odd little Bashkir waiters, clothed in smart uniforms. They get some $7.50 for their three months of service. Of course they make a good deal out of the tips from patients and finally slip home to their native hamlet over the Asiatic border swaggering in new clothes and as proud as peacocks.

There are large staffs of horse herds and koumiss makers—the one men, and the other women. The koumiss is made in three qualities—weak, medium and strong. The former is of less than twenty four hours fermentation, the medium between twenty four and forty eight and the strong well over forty eight.

Koumiss is made in thousands of gallons every day at Janetovka; the output being calculated on a basis of six full champagne bottles every day for each patient. This may seem a pretty liberal allowance, but the milk is partly digested or peptonized during fermentation, thus enabling the patients to consume immense quantities without any feeling of repletion.

Some patients, indeed, consume nine bottles a day comfortably, drinking chiefly between meals and never after 7 in the evening. Far from satisfying the appetite koumiss seems rather to sharpen it and in this way real zest is created for the gigantic meals.

During fermentation the koumiss acquires quite a champagnelike quality, and is elevating to those unaccustomed to it. The strong variety will often burst the stout champagne bottles with a bomblike report and on that account servants handling it are protected with wire masks.

It is interesting to watch a general muster of the vast herds of horses and mares out on the steppes near Janetokva. Riding about among the playful animals the indefatigable Dr. Carrick himself may be seen, conspicuous in his smart Glengarry cap. The Khirgiz and Bashkir horse herds are armed with curious lassoes, consisting of loops of hide at the end of six foot poles, and by means of these any animal required may be taken out from the mob.

Agricultural work is done entirely by camels in this cure resort of the steppes and there are hundreds of acres under wheat and other varieties of grain for the needs of the great establishment. For fourteen hours out of the twenty-four the mares are out at pasture with their foals, and spend many hours besides in their stables feeding continuously until milking time. The long feathery kovil grass of the steppes is their favorite food.

The patients profiting by their milk are surprisingly cosmopolitan. You will find Americans and Britons, semi-Asiatics from the banks of the Amur and the borders of China; and Russians from as far north as Archangel. And from as far south as the Riviera and Spain men and women come thither in search of health and strength.

The number of cures varies considerably from season to season, but usually runs into four or five hundred. Some of these gain enormously in weight—as much as thirty or forty pounds in three months.

One of the features of Janetovka is the absence of system. At many resorts whither people flock in search of health the doctors lay down laws about early rising and map out every day of the year. Here on the steppes, however, there is no apparent system, and every one is free to do as he pleases.

It is easy to be generous when we have too much.

The Knock-out Blow.

The blow which knocked out Corbett was a revelation to the prize fighters. From the earliest days of the ring the knock-out blow was aimed for the jaw, the temple or the jugular vein. Stomach punches were thrown in to worry and weary the fighter, but if a scientific man had told one of the old fighters that the most vulnerable spot was the region of the stomach, he'd have laughed at him for an ignoramus. Dr. Pierce is bringing home to the public a parallel fact; that the stomach is the most vulnerable organ out of the prize ring as well as in it. We protect our hearts, throats, feet and lungs, but the stomach we are utterly indifferent to, until disease finds the solar plexus and knocks us out. Make your stomach sound and strong by the use of Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and you protect yourself in your most vulnerable spot. "Golden Medical Discovery" cures "weak stomach," indigestion, or dyspepsia, torpid liver, bad, thin and impure blood and other diseases of the organs of digestion and nutrition.

The "Golden Medical Discovery" has a specific curative effect upon all mucous surfaces and hence cures catarrh, no matter where located or what stage it may have reached. In Nasal Catarrh it is well to cleanse the passages with Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy fluid while using the "Discovery" as a constitutional remedy. *Why* the "Golden Medical Discovery" cures catarrhal diseases, as of the stomach, bowels, bladder and other pelvic organs will be plain to you if you will read a booklet of extracts from the writings of eminent medical authorities, endorsing its ingredients and explaining their curative properties. It is mailed *free* on request. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. This booklet gives all the ingredients entering into Dr. Pierce's medicines from which it will be seen that they contain not a drop of alcohol, pure, triple-refined glycerine being used instead.

Dr. Pierce's great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser will be sent free, paper-bound, for 21 one-cent stamps, or cloth-bound for 31 stamps. Address Dr. Pierce as above.

Useful Potato Barrel.

A writer in Prairie Farmer shows a novel potato crate, which he has found to be very satisfactory for storing potatoes.

This potato grower uses ventilated barrels, which he is able to construct at a cost of about 15 cents each. He buys sugar barrels, being careful to secure both heads. The barrel is

knocked down and then built up again and nailed in the manner shown in illustration.

The top is used for the bottom of one barrel and the top of the same barrel is used for the bottom of another. In this way he makes two barrels out of one. The open space furnishes necessary ventilation and insures the good keeping qualities of potatoes stored.

Hog Notes.

The best way of using cooked feed is to mix with some bulky material.

If there is any one animal that enjoys comfort above another it is the hog.

Feeding buttermilk tends to constipation, giving a little oil meal will overcrowd this tendency.

While the growing pig should never get hungry he should be kept so that he will have a good appetite.

For perfect comfort, shelter must be given along with liberal feeding.

Usually it is not the stupid sow, but the vicious feeder that makes a cannibal of the sow.

The good strains of pigs must be kept so by proper care, intelligent and "stick to it" feeding.

Instead of early maturity being against the proper development of constitutional vigor, it is a great step to secure it.

A Brush Burner.

A convenient portable brush burner, for getting rid of lopped off limbs in the orchards, during the pruning season, can be made thus. Take a section of an old smoke stack, about five or six feet long, cut it lengthwise and open it so as to make a trough. Close both ends with pieces of sheet iron, and fasten the contrivance to a sled. Throw some dirt in the bottom of the trough and start a fire. Hitch a horse to the sled, but at a safe distance from the fire. Pile on the brush and it will be consumed, leaving the ashes in the trough. Be careful not to haul the burner under the trees while it is in operation. The horses draws the burner wherever needed.

Adjusting the Collar.

We never like to begin horses with pads under the collars until it becomes absolutely necessary, says Field and Farm. Some will put pads under the first thing, regardless of whether they are needed right then or not. After a horse has worked off some of his winter's keep a pad is sometimes necessary to fill out the collar, but if a collar is too big to start on, a new collar is [illegible].

CHEAP BOOKS !

To close out an estate a private library is for sale. It includes

HISTORIES, THE POETS, NOVELS, BIOGRAPHIES, BOUND MAGAZINES, RELIGIOUS WORKS, and many miscellaneous books.

There are about 300 volumes, and have been divided into lots at

5c., 10c., 20c., 25c., 50c. and $1 per book.

Set of 3 Books that Cost $3.75 now $1

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TEN-DAY EXCURSIONS TO
Atlantic City, Cape May,
Anglesea, Wildwood, Holly Beach Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon
NEW JERSEY

Thursdays, August 8 and 22, 1907.

$4.60 Round Trip — Via Delaware River Bridge.
$4.50 Round Trip — Via Market Street Wharf

Tickets good going on trains leaving East Bloomsburg at 8:25 a. m., or 11:47 a. m., to Philadelphia; thence on regular trains to all resorts named.

TICKETS GOOD RETURNING WITHIN TEN DAYS.

For full information consult nearest Ticket Agent,

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

8-8-15

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD
FIVE-DAY EXCURSIONS TO
Atlantic City, Cape May,
Anglesea, Wildwood, Holly Beach Ocean City, Sea Isle City, Avalon
NEW JERSEY

Sundays, August 11 and 25, 1907.

$4.60 Round Trip — Via Delaware River Bridge.
$4.50 Round Trip — Via Market Street Wharf.

Tickets good going on regular trains from East Bloomsburg to Philadelphia; thence on regular trains to all resorts named.

Tickets good returning until the following Thursday inclusive

For full information consult nearest Ticket Agent.

J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

8-8-15-22

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS TO
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August 21, September 11, 25, and October 9, 1907.

ROUND-TRIP RATE **$6.90** FROM EAST BLOOMSBURG

Tickets good going on train leaving 11.47 a. m., connecting with SPECIAL TRAIN of Pullman Parlor Cors, Dining Car, and Day Coaches running via the

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GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

8-8-15-22-29; 9-5-12-19-26; 10-3

September Jury List.

The following is the jury list for the September term of court:

GRAND JURORS.

J. H. Mensch, Montour.
Lloyd M. Petitt, Berwick.
Charles Ross, Berwick.
Henry Gottshall, Franklin.
Charles H. Berger, Pine.
Augustus Hartline, Madison.
C. W. Shannon, Berwick.
Valentine Heisz, Bloom.
I. M. Hartman, Catawissa Boro.
George Martz, Catawissa Boro.
Isaiah Hagenbuch, Montour.
J. C. Sanders, Pine.
Tillman Sadler, Millville.
J. Howard Welliver, Benton Twp.
Marvin J. Kline, Greenwood.
Harvey T. Doan, Berwick.
Robert Morris, Bloom.
David Armstrong, Bloom.
H. S. Barton, Bloom.
C. R. Ruckle, Millville.
Douglas Wright, Berwick.
Austin Ohl, Scott.
Alfred Reese, Greenwood.
O. H. Henry, Berwick.

PETIT JURORS (First Week.)

Elmer Kline, Orange Twp.
Chauncey B. Ikeler, Benton Boro.
Henry S. Keck, Berwick.
Wm. Adams, Briarcreek.
Samuel Weaver, Fishingcreek.
Harrison Levan, Mifflin.
John Chamberlin, Madison.
Neil Maust, Hemlock.
Ed. G. Sweppenheiser, Centre.
Daniel W. Martz, Briarcreek.
Albert Kline, Catawissa Boro.
John Mellick, Mt. Pleasant.
Jacob Travelpiece, Orange Boro.
Asa Hess, Sugarloaf.
Robert Vanderslice, Bloom.
W. O. Raig, Cleveland.
Wm. E. Davis, Centralia.
Harry J. Lattimer, Sugarloaf.
Isaiah Giger, Bloom.
Cyrus Karns, Fishingcreek.
Warren W. Welsh, Orange Twp.
Wm. Heckman, Scott.
Wm. Bangs, Greenwood.
J. C. Cotner, Madison.
Wm. S. Ash, Briarcreek.
Henry Hile, Fishingcreek.
Wm. Smith, Stillwater.
Charles Rink, Scott.
Frank E. Winner, Fishingcreek.
Norton B. Cole Benton Twp.
W. H. Bitner, Locust.
Uriah Chamberlin, Pine.
Levi Ash, Benton Twp.
Joseph G. Swank, Mifflin.
Jason H. Mensch, Mifflin.
B. F. Mather, Sugarloaf.

PETIT JURORS (Second Week).

Frank Bachman, Mifflin.
Jeremiah Rhodes, Jackson.
Jacob F. Gearhart, Mifflin.
George B. Thomas, Greenwood.
Isaiah Ohl, Bloom.
Wm. Rauck, Montour.
Samuel Leiby, Franklin.
Zerbin Low, Orange Boro.
Geo. P. Ringler, Bloom.
Gideon Shultz, Benton Boro.
W. H. Clewell, Benton Boro.
D. A. Shultz, Madison.
Wm. Kester, Madison.
Isaiah Mausteller, Madison.
Alonzo P. Fritz, Sugarloaf.
Hugh W. Appleman, Hemlock.
Bruce Freas, Centre.
Ben Golder, Sugarloaf.
Lincoln Boody, Montour.
Cyrus Demott, Madison.
Philip Rider, Madison.
Chas. E. Patterson, Orange Twp.
Flemmington Steward, Franklin.
B. F. Rice, Scott.
Chas. T. Berger, Briarcreek.
Nelson A. Hunsinger, Berwick.
Daniel Yoder, Locust.
Cyrus Smith, Berwick.
Frank Fester, Centre.
T. H. B. Davis, Briarcreek.
Rider Smith, Mifflin.
Wm. Lawton, Bloom.
Alex. Bitler, Main.
James E. Werkheiser, Bloom.
A. B. Kressler, Mt. Pleasant.
Franklin P. Harman, Sugarloaf.
John S. Scott, Centre.
Wm. R. Long, Roaringcreek.
Webster Eves, Millville.
Wm. J. Hidlay, Scott.
J. S. Grimes, Bloom.
Jere. O. Fry, Beaver.
Elmer K. Creveling, Mifflin.
Patrick J. Burns, Centralia.
Jonathan Loreman, Franklin.
W. G. Creveling, Fishingcreek.
Geo. Everett, Mt. Pleasant.
J. Paxton Creasy, Fishingcreek.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Sarah E. Johnson, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Sarah E. Johnson, late of the township of Pine, Columbia County, Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to John R. Herring, residing at No. 51 Church street, in the city of Wilkes-Barre, Penna., to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands, will make known the same without delay.

JOHN R. HERRING,
Admr. of Sarah E. Johnson, deceased.
No. 51 Church St., Wilkes-Barre, Pa
Clinton Herring, Attorney. 7-4-6t

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Emma J. Harmony vs. John Harmony } In the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pa. Subpoena in Divorce. No. 147 May Term 1907.

To John Harmony, Respondent in the above cited case:

You are hereby notified, in pursuance of the order of the Court of Common Pleas of the said county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, to be and appear in said Court on or before the first Monday of September next, being the second day of said month, to answer petition heretofore preferred by the libellant, Emma J. Harmony, your wife, and show cause, if any you have, why the said Emma J. Harmony should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony entered into with you, agreeably to the Act of Assembly in such case made and provided. Hereof fail not, under the penalty of having the said petition heard and a decree of divorce granted against you in your absence.

CHARLES B. ENT, Sheriff.

8-8-15-22-29.

Professional Cards.

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ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building 2nd Floor
Bloomsburg, Pa.

A. N. YOST,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Ent Building, Coust House Square.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT-LAW.
Hartman Building, Market Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

FRED IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office Over First National Bank.
Bloomsburg, Pa,

CLYDE CHAS. YETTER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office in Wirt's Building.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office Corner of 3rd and Main Sts.
CATAWISSA, PA.

CLINTON HERRING.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office with Grant Herring,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
In Orangeville Wednesday each week

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office—Bloomsburg Nat'l Bank Bldg.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

J. H. MAIZE
ATTORNEY AT LAW, INSURANCE AND
EAL ESTATE AGENT
Office in Townsend's Building
Bloomsburg, Pa,

N U. FUNK
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Ent's Building, Court House Square
Bloomsburg, Pa.

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Office :—Ent building, 11-18-99

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THE COLUMBIAN.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THURSDAY, AUGUST 8, 1907

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Special Correspondence.

Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 5, 1907.

It would be hard work to whitewash the capitol graft scandal even if there were an inclination in that direction, which is conjectural. The evidence is too positive and direct to admit of misconstruction. The collusion between Architect Huston and the favored contractors has been clearly established and the fact that Payne & Company, made out fraudulent bills on the stationery of sub contractors can't be explained. No reasoning person can be made believe that an ordinary push-cart is a royal Roman chariot and the claim that those frauds were clerical errors or accidents would be quite as absurd.

That a whitewashing report was contemplated by some members of the commission hardly admits of doubt. Immediately after the municipal elections in Philadelphia there occurred a perceptible change in the trend of the inquisition. There set in an abatement in zeal and a modification of energy. The fruitless and absurd attempt to conciliate the chief inquisitor, Mr. Scarlet, by inferential promises of promotion, and the too considerate manner in which some of the witnesses were treated plainly indicated the change. But futility of such a course is now apparent to even the most cursory observers.

Huston, Sanderson, Cassell, Mathues, Payne & Company, and Superintendent of Public Buildings and Grounds Shumaker are clearly inculpated both in fraud and conspiracy and Governor Pennypacker was criminally negligent, to say the least. According to his own statement he learned of the frauds in December following the election of Mr. Berry. The Auditor General called his attention to the overcharges and excessive payments. Did he stop them as any honest man and faithful public official would? I should say not, though in his statement to the commission he declared that he had ordered the discontinuance of any work not in process.

WHAT THE RECORDS REVEAL.

What do the records show? In December, 1905, Pennypacker was informed of the frauds. But between that time and May, 1906, the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings, with his assent, approved padded bills to an aggregate of over $3,000,000, some of which covered articles not delivered for nearly a year afterward. Probably he didn't get any part of the loot. Maybe he didn't want any of the tainted money. But he got promises of a seat on the Supreme bench of the State, the thing which above all others his sordid soul coveted. Cash in hand is not the only form of recompense in this practical world.

Why should there be any thought, in view of these facts, of allowing Pennypacker to escape "unwhipt of justice," in connection with these grave crimes? But for his complacency the frauds would have been impossible. But for his acquiescence the conspiracy would have fallen in the beginning. Yet there is talk of allowing him to escape even indictment. "Members of the commission are anxious to exculpate Governor Pennypacker," one of the newspaper correspondents writes. "Of those involved," declares another of the ubiquitous historians, "the only who will escape suit, it is understood, is ex-Governor Pennypacker."

If the principles of justice exact anything at the hands of the probers it is plainly that Samuel W. Pennypacker be put to the same tests as the others. The greatest danger to the public lite of the country comes from officials who mask their iniquities under the cloak of virtue. Pennypacker pretended the most scrupulous probity but he was constantly promoting corruption by aiding and abetting the venality of his subordinates. They wanted money and he had a thirst for honors. All contributed the same result, the looting of the public. But he supplemented all their vices with that of hypocrisy.

THE INCULPATING TESTIMONY.

The report of the Expert Accountants, part of which has been withheld from the public, established the conspiracy between Huston, Sanderson, Payne & Co. and Shumaker. That of Charles D. Montague, an employe of the Art Metal Construction company, of Rochester, N. Y., has revealed the extortion of Congressman Cassell, of Lancaster county, who furnished the metallic filing cases and metal furniture. Cassell got from the State $2,072,000 for goods which at the trade price with the customary discount ought to have been furnished for $412.500. In other words his graft amounted to $1,659,500.

These facts have been brought out since the Commission resumed its sessions last week. It has also developed that Architect Huston drew $80,000 for "specially designing" these cases and furniture, though Mr. Montague declares that they were not specially designed by Huston or anybody else; that they are of a stock design already antiquated and "not of the most approved patterns." Therefore the aggregate of the steal on metal furniture and filing cases reached a total of $1,739,5000. The hope is expressed that $1,000,000 of this sum will be recovered by civil processes and possibly that expectation may be fulfilled.

Pennypacker with great exultation declared in his statement before the Commission that by prevailing on Huston to accept four per cent. of his fee, instead of five, the usual fee, $80,000 had been saved to the State. As a matter of fact nothing was saved for in this single grab Huston got the $80,000 and as a matter of fact he drew $80,000 more for "specially designing" the chandeliers, which he didn't design. He was an expensive luxury as well as a corrupting agent and he and Pennypacker ought to be held alike responsible and punished similarly. Any other course will defeat justice.

AUSPICIOUS CAMPAIGN IMPENDING

The Democratic campaign for the election of John G. Harman to the office of State Treasurer and incidentally to complete the reforms and improvements in public life which Mr. Berry has begun will open most auspiciously in a short time. The plans have not been outlined as yet, but the fact that the new and capable Chairman will be assisted in his arbuous work by Hon. P. Gray Meek, who has again consented to act as Secretary of the State Committee is reassuring. No man in the State knows the work as thoroughly as Mr. Meek, and no one could bring to it a greater measure of zeal, intelligence and experience.

The selection of Senator Dimeling to the Chairmanship of the Committee has had a most heartening influence on the party, moreover. He is widely known as a sagacious, industrious and earnest political manager and will enter upon the work with characteristic energy. He is the third State Chairman Clearfield county has furnished the Democratic party. The late William A. Wallace acquired National distinction as a political manager and ex-Congressman Jas. Kerr, was little if any less successful as a State Chairman. He conducted the campaign of 1900 which resulted in the second election of Robert E. Pattison as Governor.

These facts work encouraging results in political contention. A confident party is inevitably a successful party. "The race is not always to the swift nor the battle to the strong." Many a candidate has been defeated because neither himself nor his friends have had the absolute faith in his election that is necessary to get the voters to the polls. I apprehend no such delinquency this year. The candidate, Hon. John G. Harman, the Chairman, Hon. George M. Dimeling, and the conditions are alike favorable. The candidate and Chairman will fulfill the best expectations and the voters will do the rest.

THE ISSUES IN OUR FAVOR.

Besides no party has ever gone into political conflict with issues so clearly defined and absolutely in its favor. There can be no misunderstanding the questions involved. The Democrats stand for honest administration. Minority representation on the governing boards in the State will guarantee not only integrity in the future but the exposure and punishment of the iniquities of the past. The election of Harman continues minority representation on those boards and the success of the Republican candidate defeats it. There is no evasion of these truths. They are self-evident.

With the fittest candidate that could be chosen and the most capable and efficient Chairman which the abundant material of the party affords, there is nothing to be desired to inspire hope and confidence. The campaign will open with both present in abundance and substantial and enduring victory for good government is assured. It won't be a political victory exactly. But it will be a triumph of the people over corruption and will make the future government of Penusylvania a beneficence instead of a fountain of fraud. G. D. H.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg post office: Miss Alice Kostenbauder. Cards: Miss Anna Cox, Mr. Kenneth Grange, Miss Elizabeth K. Fister, Miss Vera Haley, Miss Mabel Smith.

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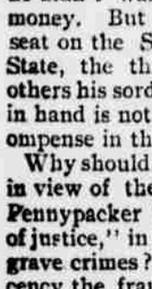

is backed by over 30 years of remarkable success in the cure of Kidney, Liver and Blood troubles, and the diseases peculiar to women. Not a patent medicine, but a prescription used by Dr. David Kennedy in his large and successful practice long before he placed it before the public. The formula is in keeping with strict scientific principles, and many physicians of the highest standing have prescribed Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy for their patients. This statement can be proved absolutely. We have never claimed that Favorite Remedy will cure all cases of Kidney, Liver and Bladder diseases and associated ailments, but the fact remains that it has cured many cases practically abandoned by physicians.

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